#### Gemayel to visit Washington

BEIRUT (R) — Lebanese President Amin Gemayel will visit Washington between July 22 and 25 to discuss Israeli troop withdrawals from Lebanon, government sources said Monday. Israeli Prime Ministe: Menachem Begin is due to meet President Reagan in Washington on July 27, two days after Mr. Gemayel's departure, according to a report broadcast by Israeli Radio Sunday. The radio said Mr. Reagan and Mr. Begin were expected to discuss a possible redeployment of Israeli troops in Lebanon, apparently a reference to a partial withdrawal to southern positions. The Lebanese government sources also said a U.S. State Department official would visit Damascus next week to discuss the possibility of a meeting between U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz and Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam.

Volume 8 Number 2294

AMMAN, TUESDAY JUNE 21, 1983 — RAMADAN 12, 1403

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria I pound; Lebanon I pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

#### Jordanian-Iraqi relations lauded

BAGHDAD (Petra) — Iraqi Minister of Commerce Hassan Ali and Transport and Communications Minister Lt.-Gen. Abdul Jabbar Al Asadi Monday praised the "strong relations between Jordan and Iraq." On receiving the outgoing Jordanian ambassador in Baghdad. Faleh Al Tawil. both ministers stressed their "deep appreciation of Jordan's stand in support of Iraq in particular and the common Arab cause in general." Mr. Tawil. who has been relieved of his duties as Jordan's ambassador to Iraq. will be Jordan's ambassador to the Soviet

#### **Bush says Reagan** will seek re-election

WASHINGTON (R) - Vice-President George Bush said Monday that he expected President Reagan to run for a second term. Asked in a television interview if he thought Mr. Reagan would seek re-election. Mr. Bush said:"I have no doubts." He also said that Mr. Reagan, who has withheld a decision on running again in 1984. would be extremely difficult to

#### Iranian rebels demonstrate

BONN (R) - About 250 Iranians demonstrated peacefully in centrai Bonn Monday to mark the second anniversary of street battles in Tehran in which a mass protest by the Mujabedeen opposition movement was suppressed, police said. The demonstrators, carrying Mujahedcen. banners, accused Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's revolutionary government of carrying out atrocities and called for his overthrow. Similar demonstrations were being beld in several world including London Paris. Rome and New York. a Mujahedeen spokesman said.

#### Former Turkish premier surrenders

ISTANBUL (R) — Former Turkish Foreign Minister Ihsan Sabri Caglayangil one of 16 former politicians ordered detained by Turkey's military rulers, surrendered to authorities at Istanbul airport Monday, officials said. Mr. Cag-layangil, 75, who was having medical treatment in Europe when the detention order was issued at the end of May, gave himself up on arrival from Switzerland. He was taken to the Dardanelles port of Canakkale, where the other 15 former politicians, including former Prime Minister Suleyman Demirel, have been held since June 2. the officials said.

#### Masked gang nets huge haul in holdup

LONDON (R) — A gang wearing monkey masks stole jewellery and uncut diamonds worth up to £4 million (S6 million) Monday in a raid on an exclusive London store, police said. Four or five raiders. armed with two handguns, broke into the store. Bond Jewellers, through a back door and forced staff to open a vault, a police spokesman said. They escaped on foot. He said the haul was worth between £3 million and £4 mil-

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Report implies Haddad militia's direct role

# Beirut holds Israel fully responsible for Sabra and Shatila

BEIRUT (Agencies) — An official Lebanese inquiry into last September's Palestinian refugee camp massacres in Beirut holds Israel fully responsible but does not specify who carried out the killings, judicial sources said Monday.

be published by Lebanon's Mil-itary Prosecutor Assad Germanos as saying 460 people were killed in the 48-hour massacres at the Sabra and Shatila camps.

The report does not specify who carried out the actual killings but implies that the murderers included right-wing militiamen under renegade Lebanese army Major Saad Haddad as well as other rightist militias, the sources said.

The report says "armed elements other than the Israeli army" carried out the massacres last Sept. 17 and 18. These were probably "border elements," it says, according to the sources. This was apparently a reference to Maj. Haddad's men who operate on the Lebanese-Israeli border. But those who entered the

camps also included "those harmed by Palestinian violations." the sources quoted the report as This was seen here as a ref-

erence to right-wing mllitiamen from either Beirut or surrounding The massacres occurred a few

days after Lebanon's Presidentelect Bashir Gemayel, previously

DAMASCUS (R) — The Revolutionary Council of the Pal-

estine Liberation Organisation's

(PLO) Fatch guerrilla group will

irman Yasser Arafat's moderate

There was no indication that

the rebellion would attend the

ruling Baath Party, said Monday

military attack on Syria following what it called the failure of its pol-

itical wager.
It said in an editorial: "Whether

the American administration

banks on a political or military

solution, or on the Lebanese-

Israeli agreement, both are losers.

"All the contacts and con-

sultations now being held, whe-

ther in Washington or Tel Aviv. or

General Javier Perez de Cuellar to

send a team to Iran and Iraq to

investigate the treatment of pri-

soners of war (PoWs), the Iraqi-

News Agency (INA) reported

The agency quoted a foreign

ministry spokesman as saying a

written request for the mission

and its report to be submitted to

the Security Council was handed

to Mr. Perez de Cuellar this week

by Iraq's permanent U.N. rep-

The agency gave no further det-

ails. But on May 17, Iraq exp-

ressed regret over a Red Cross

protest to both sides in the 33- made public.

resentative. Riadh Al Qaisi.

Monday.

the United States was preparing a

and the PLO into question.

estinian sources said.

meet in Damascus Sunday night to Arafat in the chair, after inter-

discuss a rebellion which erupted Fateb clashes broke out near

The meeting will be the first of olutionary Council of Fatch. the

the influential 73-member council main guerrilla group within the since the revolt against PLO Cba-PLO. was in Aden in January.

policies erupted two months ago. Damascus said nine members of

throwing his leadership of Fateh the 73-member council were bel-

into fighting at the weekend, Pal- Damascus Sunday.

any council members who support group more radical.

U.S. prepares to attack

Syria, Damascus claims

Iraq seeks U.N. inquiry

into treatment of PoWs

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq has formontb-old Gulf war about the tremally asked U.N. Secretary— atment of prisoners and said it

DAMASCUS (R) — The Al with the Lebanese government, Baath newspaper, organ of Syria's indicate that it (the U.S.)) is pre-

The sources quoted a report to the leader of the right-wing militia published by Lebanon's Milknown as the "Lebanese Forces." was assassinated.

The current president, Amin Gemayel, is his brother. The report lists names of those killed. It says they included 269 Palestinians, 119 Lebanese, 11 Syrians. 32 Pakistanis or Iranians. two Egyptians, two Algerians and 25 unidentified people.

The sources said the report "holds Israel responsible legally for what happened in Sabra and Shatila camps and the resulting victims because these forces were in full control of the two camps. their entrances and the surrounding area." It says there was no proof that

the leadership of the rightist Falangist Party, beaded by the Gemavel brothers' father Pierre, or the "Lebanese Forces" militiamen-had any advance knowledge of the The report says the military

prosecutor's investigations did not establish that either the party or the "Lebanese Forces" had ordered their supporters to take part in the camp operations.

The sources cited the report as saying the list of victims had been

The decision to call a council meeting was taken by Fateh's

13-member Central Committee,

which met all night bere: with Mr.

The last meeting of the Rev-

Independent PLO sources in

ieved to support the rebels, who

demand reforms to make the

A senior pro-Arafat com-mander. Colonel Ezzedin Sharif,

paring a military aggression aga-inst Syria after losing its political

Syria has strongly opposed a U.S.-sponsored Lebanon-Israel

agreement on the withdrawal of

Israeli forces from Lebanon. say-

ing its clauses prejudice Leb-

anon's sovereignty and Syria's.

security.
Al Baath Monday repeated

Syria's threat to wreck the troop

The International Committee

of the Red Cross (ICRC) pro-

tested on May 11 over what it said

was summary executions of pri-soners and the indiscriminate

No accurate figures are ava-

Late last month at the request of

Iraq and Iran. Mr. Perez de Cue-

liar sent a mission to both cou-

ntries to inspect war damage in

civilian areas. No report has been

ilable, but both sides are each bel-

ieved to be holding thousands of

bombardment of civilians.

withdrawal accord.

omitted several facts.

drawn up from figures given by medical teams. Red Cross organisations and the Lebanese civil defence.

It said the Palestinian victims included seven women and eight children, while the Lebanese dead included eight women and 12 chi-

On-the-spot inquiries by newsmen immediately after the massacre indicated that the perpetrators used buildozers and loaders to bury the victims. It was initially reported that more than 1.000 people were killed in the rampage and it would be difficult to reach accurate figures because of the mass burials.

Inquiries among relatives of the victims who thronged the massacre site after the mass killings also indicated that the total number of victims would be much more than the figure included in Monday's report.

Israeli intelligence officials estimated that about 800 people were killed or had disappeared during the massacres.

The figures of more than 400 dead were generally based on body counts by International Red Cross and other officials but many residents never found their relatives and others took their own family victims away for burial

An Israeli inquiry accused senior Israeli military and political officials of indirect responsibility and named the "Lebanese Forces" as having actually carried out the mass murders.

popularly known as Abu Ziad, was shot and badly wounded Sun-

day, along with three of his men.

during factional fighting at a Fatch

On Saturday, fighting between pro and anti-Arafat groups eru-

pted in eastern Lebanon, with

Mr. Arafat later blamed a Lib-

yan battalion, in eastern Lebanon

to help Syria defend its front line

opposite Israeli forces, for pro-

Arafat aides said the Libyans

Gaza Strip

support for

**Arafat** 

leaders urge

TEL AVIV (R) - Palestinian

leaders and public institutions in

the Israeli-occupied West Bank

and Gaza Strip Monday issued a

statement calling for support for

Yasser Arafat as leader of the Palestine Liberation Organisation

The statement called on "PLO

fighters and the Palestinian people

movement to unite behind Mr.

Arafat and rejected what "outside

The statement was signed by

former Ramallah Mayor Kerim

Khalaf, former Gaza Mayor Ras-

hid Al Shawa. Mustafa Natsche,

acting mayor of Hebron and Pal-

estinian student and professional

organisations in the West Bank

interference in the PLO."

tanks and artillery reportedly

base near here.

voking the clashes.

His Majesty King Husseln, alongwith senior officials, attends evening

### King hosts Iftar banquet

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Monday evening gave an Istar banquet at the Basman Palace for senior officers of the Armed Forces, and Public Security, General Intelligence and Civil Defence department.

Attending the banquet were Prime Minister and Defence Minister Mudar Badran, Royal Court Chief Ahmad Al Lawzi, Court Minister Amer Khammash, Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd tbn Zaid, Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief Lt,-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, directors of the Public Security and General Intelligence and Chief of Staff Maj.-Gen. Fathi Abu Taleb.

### U.S. reaffirms opposition to settlements on W.Bank

WASHINGTON (R) - The State really don't." Department Monday reaffirmed U.S. opposition to Israel's policy of establishing Jewish settlements in the occupied West Bank, calling them unhelpful to the peace pro-

Spokesman Alan Romberg was asked to comment on a syndicated column by Rowland Evans and Robert Novak reporting that President Reagan had changed U.S. policy by denying that the settlements were an obstacle to

peace. . . - -The column said Mr. Reagan was asked at a convention of educationalists and writers in Florida on May 26 whether the settlements were an obstacle to peace. He replied: "No, I don't, I act."

On Monday, Mr. Romberg referred reporters to Mr. Reagan's speech last Sept. 1 in which he called for Palestinian self-rule in association with Jordan and a freeze on settlements. Mr. Reagan said then that fur-

ther settlement activity was not

necessary for Israel's "security" and diminished Arab confidence that a final outcome could be freely and fairly negotiated. "That has been and remains U.S. policy." Mr. Romberg said.

He said the present had made

the point that continuing settlement activity since Sept. I had had a "particularly unhelpful imp-

# 7 Syrians killed in Tripoli ambush

killed Monday in a mid-afternoon gun and bomb ambush on a seaside highway south of the Lebanese port of Tripoli, security sou-

The sources said unidentified gunmen detonated a roadside bomb as two jeeploads of Syrian troops were passing by at Enfe. 15 kilometres from the port.

As the jeeps exploded in smoke and flame, the attackers opened heavy gunfire from hiding, killing the two colonels and five soldiers. the sources said.

The rightist Falangist radio also reported seven Syrians killed in the ambush. It said two were lieutenant-colonels and one a captain. The gunmen had detonated a roadside car bomb by shooting at

it, the radio said. Syrian troops which control most of north Lebanon immediately blocked roads and intermittent shooting could be heard in various areas, state-run Beirut Radio said.

Earlier on Monday, three Svrian soldiers were seriously wounded when their truck, carrying explosives, blew up near Tripoli. Local security officials said the explosion was thought to be an accident.

The later incident, at about 1500 (1300 GMT), was among the most serious attacks against Syrian troops in Lebanon.

Beirut Radio did not speculate on who the gunmen might be. An array of forces, including various: Palestinian guerrilla groups, rightist and leftist militias operate in and around Tripoli:

Cairo blames Syria

Meanwhile, an Egyptian newspaper charged Monday that Syria was behind the latest violence in

BEIRUT (R) — Seven Syrian sol-diers, including two colonels, were poli, adding that the trouble ser-

ved its interests. Cairo's mass-circulation daily Al Akhbar said in an editorial that the random fatal shooting of some 20 people there last week "could not have been a coincidence as all signs indicate it was inspired by Syria, which endeavours to create tension there to serve its int-

Syrian troops in Lebanon, once peacekeeping force with an Arab League mandate, have become "a major factor to strike at Lebanon's unity, independence

and existance." Al Akhbar said. The semi-official newspaper Al Ahram accused Syria and Libya of aiding Fatch guerrillas opposed to the leadership of Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Cha-

irman Yasser Arafat. The Tripoli area has been the scene of regular clashes for several months between the various militias, often those pro or anti-Syrian.

Tension increased in the northere port, Lebanon's second city. last week after a carload of unidentified gunmen drove through busy streets spraying heavy gunfire at pedestrians. At least 16 people died.

The victims were a normal cross-section of residents and analysts saw no motive behind the massacre other than to stir trouble in the area.

#### Rightist-leftist clashes

The latest incident, after factional bombings and shelling in and around Beirut earlier in the day, came despite an appeal for national unity by President Amin Gemavel.

Leftist and rightist militias, both (Continued on page 2)

## Fateh Revolutionary Council to meet Egypt, Israel to resettle 5,500 Palestinian refugees

CAIRO (R) — Egypt and Israel have agreed in principle to resettle in the Gaza Strip an estimated 5.500 Palestinians from a refugee camp in the Egyptian section of the Sinai town of Rafah. an Israeli

embassy official said Monday. He told Reuters that after talks held in Rafah last month the two countries have agreed the refugees should be sent to the Gaza Strip in batches when an agr-

eement is completed. But he said his government would only allow them behind Israeli borders if their property was adequately compensated for by the Egyptian authorities so they

(Continued on page 2) West Bank,

were backed by fighters of the new houses in Gaza.

could finance the builling of their

weekly journal of Egypt's ruling National Democratic Party (NDP), said Israel was keen on linking the refugee Issue to other outstanding matters. The embassy official said: "If

the two countries have normal relations, then any matter of interest to either country should be discussed and not just those of interest to Egypt." The "Canada Camp", some 60

kilometres east of the Egyptian coastal town of Al Arish, was visited 10 days ago by a special U.N. commutee

The three-man committee held public meeting there where it listened to six refugees who all expressed their wish to return to their homes in the Gaza Strip.

# A report Monday in Mayo. Reagan, Pope congratulate

Soviet President Andropov

MOSCOW (R) - The official Soviet news agency TASS said Monday that President Reagan and Pope John Paul had conelection last week as Soviet pre-"I hope that together we can

find ways to promote peace. cutting the level of armaments and advancing towards the removal of force, and the threat of application of force, in settling international disputes." TASS quoted Mr. Reagan as saying.

"You will meet with my full cooperation in the achievement of these goals on a basis of equality. reciprocity and respect for the gratulated Yuri Andropov on his rights and interests of all," he

> TASS did not publish the text of the message from Pope John Paul. whose name was at the end of Monday's list of leaders who had sent congratulatory telegrams. Other messages, including one

> from China. were published Sun-

officials in blast inquiry BEIRUT (R) - The Lebanese tre, the sources said. authorities have detained a Palestine Liberation Organisation about the bomb blast in west Bei-(PLO) officer and the head of a rut's Hamra area, which killed two PLO-sponsored Palestine Res- occupants of a car and maimed a earch Centre in Beirut in con- third.

nection with a fatal bomb blast in sources said Monday. The military public prosecutor was questioning Lieutenant-Colonel Youssef Rajab of the PLO's Liaison Committee, which formerly handled relations with

the Lebanese government, and

Sabry Jiryes, director of the cen-

They were being interrogated

Judicial sources said one of the west Beirut on Saturday, security dead had been employed as a guard at the centre, a cultural and documentary institute--the only remaining PLO office in Beirut.

Authorities sealed off the centre Monday. Last February, a car bomb outside the centre killed 21 people and seriously damaged the building.

## Anti-Zionist group attacks treatment of Jews in U.S.

Beirut detains two PLO

Committee Monday attacked the to another on human rights. United States authorities saying they connived at anti-Semitism there.

Commenting on recent U.S. criticism of the Soviet Anti-Zionisi Committee. General David Dragunsky said discrimination against Jews was rife in the United States.

"Bombing and setting fire to synagogues, profanation of Jewish graves. swastikas on houses where Jews live. assaults on youths and threats of physical violence-all of this has become an everyday part of the American way of life." he said.

Gen. Dragunsky. whose remarks were published by the official Soviet news agency TASS, asked the process of family reward almost complete.

MOSCOW (R) - The head of the if a country which allowed such Soviet Union's Anti-Zionist "savagery" had the right to dictate A U.S. State Department spo-

kesman said earlier this month that the Soviet "appeal" against Zionism was part of a propaganda campaign aimed at both Israel and Jewish activities within the Soviet

The spokesman said thousands of Jews had been prevented from cmigrating from the Soviet Union and that the basic thrust of the Snviet Anti-Zionist Committee was anti-Semitic.

The committee has said most Jews who wanted to leave the Soviet Union had already done so and the process of family reunification

# West could cut nuclear arsenal, says NATO admiral

BRUSSELS (R) - The North to unify behind the lawful lea-Atlantic Treaty Organisation's dership of Yasser Arafat, who has (NATO) military chief said Monproved the PLO's ability in the day that the West could unistruggle of the Palestinian peolaterally reduce its nuclear arsenal without affecting deterrence. It urged rebels in the guerrilla

Admiral Robert Falls, chairman of NATO's military committee, told Reuters in an interview: "If arms control talks don't work, then it might become necessary to act unilaterally to reduce, especially battlefield nuclear weapons because we have perhaps more than we need." Adm. Falls, a Canadian, who is

retiring from his post at the end of

that nuclear weapons were the ultimate deterrent. But he said the spiralling arms

race had turned into madness, pitting Soviet and Western technology against one another in a constant effort to build more and bigger weapons.

"We had a deterrent at one time that was at a much lower level. We have not managed to keep arms supply under control. But it's not outside the realm of possibility to return to that lower level." be

He said if the west honestly the month, said he had no doubt examined what it needed to ens-

ure its security and to have a clear tended to forget the importance of second strike capability-that is, submarine-launched missiles, attack-it might well find it app-

"If we did that, I think we'd find that we could demonstrate to the Soviets that both sides could stop the proliferation of nuclear arms."

The admiral said he did not que-

stion NATO's plan to deploy 572 land-based medium-range nuclear missiles in Western Europe beginning next December. But he said Western politicians Adm. Falls said.

the ability to respond to a nuclear which had an enormous deterrent capability and which should force ropriate to reduce its arsenal and leaders to think again about the would not affect its deterrent eap- need for new ground-launched NATO officials have frequently

> loying new ground-launched nuclear weapons in Europe was as much psychological and political as military. "The most glaring example of

said that the Importance of dep-

our need to reduce our arsenal is in battlefield nuclear weapons."

Up Lie IIIp!

and Gaza Strip.

# MIDDLE EAST

Papandreou calls on U.S. to reach agreement soon

# Athens threatens unilateral action on American bases

ATHENS (R) — Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou, elected on promises to rid Greece of American military bases, has said his Socialist government will take unilateral action over the bases if talks on their future do not end soon.

Mr. Papandreou, speaking on his return Sunday night from a European Economic Community (EEC) summit in Stungart. West Germany, told Greek newsmen in his party:

We know our strengths and limitations, so we are not seeking confrontation. For exactly that reason we do not use the slogan "we will dismantle the bases."

But he added: "They (the United States) would do well to proeccd to a solution of the bases issue, because otherwise we will be forced to act unilaterally, and

Mr. Papandreou's government. elected on slogans such as "Out with the Bases of Death." has

eight months. He has said if no agreement is reached, the U.S. will be given 18 months to get out of Greece.

been negotiating with the U.S. on

the future of the bases for the past

Mr. Papandreou had promised to bring the talks to an end last week. But Greek negotiators said serious last-minute snags had a document setting out the Greek position on the bases.

will be two weeks of consultations.

In his remarks Sunday night, the text of which was made available by the official news agency. Mr. Papandreou said:

"Since I have not sent an ultimasum. I do not wish to set a date. But it should be understood by the American side that limits to the patience of the Greek government have been restricted sig-

He also told the Greek reporters: "We know -- otherwise we would not be realistic -- that America is a great power and that it has very significant strategic interests in the area.

Diplomats in Athens say Greemerged and gave the Americans ecc's dependence on U.S. military supplies, and the threat it sees osition on the bases. from Turkey -- which is also Reginald Bartholomew, the armed by the United States --U.S. negotiator, left for Was- make it difficult for the Socialist hington over the weekend for government to make the complete what the American embassy says break with the U.S. they would

# Syrian soldiers killed in Tripoli

(Continued from page 1)

behind Israeli lines, exchanged artillery fire across the main Beirut-Damascus highway in the hills overlooking the capital Monday morning until the Israelis intcryened, residents said.

The firing was between the township of Bhamdoun and the reported hurt. Druze village of Kraye, Houses were dainaged but there were no reports of casualties, residents and

local radio stations reported. Several shells landed in the vil-

lages of Beit Meri and 'Ain Saadeh, outside Beirut, Residents said they came from higher in the hills behind positions held by Syrian troops or Syrian-backed Lebanese leftist militias. No one was

Two people were injured in west Beirut Monday as a series of bombings continued.

In one attack, a Palestinian and his wife were injured by a bomb left outside their house. A second blast, heard throughout west Beirut. wrecked a restaurant as well as a number of parked cars.

There have been a number of bombings in west Beirut in recent weeks. mostly against Palestinian families but also affecting shops or buildings owned by rightists.

on Middle East problems. Asked about the Cyprus issue Mr. Kissinger said it should be settled through negotiations between the Turkish and Greek governments and by the people on the



Henry Kissinger

#### Kissinger in Ankara to 'promote U.S.-Turkey relations'

ANKARA IRI - Former U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger arrived here Monday, saying he wanted to promote U.S.-Turkish relations and discuss Middle East developments.

vir. Kissinger, who will meet President Kenan Evren and Prime Minister Bulend Ulusu, told reporters: "I am here to educate myself... and whenever I can to promote relations between Turkey and the U.S."

He said the Reagan administration had welcomed the week-long private visit, during which he will also meet Foreign Minister Ilter Turkmen and Defence Minister Umit Haluk Bay-

"Turkey, at the cross road of Europe and the Middle East, is a country which we are bound to attach great importance to." he said, describing Turkey as a steady ally of the United States and well placed to have "a wise judgment"

# GCC to hold joint military manoeuvres

ABL DHABI (R) - Ground troops from Saudi Arabia and its Gulf allies will stage joint exereises in the United Arab Emirates (UAE) in October, a senior military commander was quoted as saving Monday.

The manoeuvres would dem-onstrate the Gulf Cooperation Council's (GCC) determination to keep the region secure and bevond the sphere of superpower influence and intervention. General Sheikh Khalifa Ibn Zaved, deputy commander-in-chief of the UAE armed forces, said in an interview.

The interview in the Saudi Arabian daily Ash Sharq Al Awsat was carried by the Emirates News Agency. Gen. Zaved said details of the exercises, which would last 10 to 15 days, would be worked out next month. Separate joint air

TEL AVIV (R) - Prime Minister

Menachem Begin intervened

Monday as a hunger strike by

hundreds of doctors brought Isr-

aefs health services to the brink of

The four-month-old pay dis-

pute affected hospitals throughout

the country. Doctors in green ove-

in their arms, occupied emergency

wards and plastered the rooms

in the crisis for the first time.

summoned Finance Minister

Yoram Aridor and Health Min-

ister Eliezer Shostak, who have

been waging a bitter personal bat-

A delegation of fasting doctors

also attended the meeting in Mr.

Begin's office and they later told

reporters they were waiting to

hear whether Mr. Aridor intended

tle over the doctors' wages.

The prime minister, intervening

with strike placards.

ralls, some with intravenous tubes

collapse.

later in the year, he added.

The October manoeuvres will by the GCC. set up by Saudi Ara-bia. the UAE. Bahrain, Oman, Oatar and Ruwait two years ago in response to political upheavals in Afghanistan and Iran.

All six members, concerned about defence of the strategic oil region, have markedly increased spending on weapons since Iran's revolution and the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan in 1979.

The United States. Britain and France are their main weapons suppliers, although Kuwait has bought some weapons, including SAM missiles, from the Soviet Union.

Begin tries to settle doctors' strike

to raise the government's offer.

The crisis deteriorated dra-

matically overnight when the hun-

ger strike, started by doctors in the

Negev Desert city of Beersheba a

week ago, spread to hospitals all

State radio estimated that 1.300

to 1.500 of the 7.000 govern-

ment-employed doctors were fas-

ting. Soroka Medical Centre in Bee-

rsheba. which serves a large area of sparsely populated south Israel.

was discharging patients and fly-

Dr. Naftali Shani, who is coo-

rdinating medical services for the

Soroka strikers, said the hospital

now had only 300 patients instead

A surgeon, who had been on

hunger strike for four days per-

ing serious cases by helicopter to

spitals in the north.

of the usual 800.

over Israel.

Gen. Zayed said the Gulf's sec-

25 killed and naval exercises were planned urity was indivisible from Arab in Turkish national security and could only be achieved by the Arabs thebe the first joint military venture mselves and through "positive bazaar attack cooperation with other Gulf littoral states." ATHENS (R) — An Armenian

The council does not include two other littoral states - Iran and Iraq, which have been at war since September 1980.

Gen. Zaved said the best way to maintain the Gulf's security was for the council to reject any form of superpower intervention.

"The two superpowers must also pursue a policy of nonintervention io the area so that the oil flow can continue." he added.

U.S. President Carter set up a rapid deployment force in 1980 to upgrade Washington's ability to "counter any threat" to the Gulf.

theatres... God knows how they

Israel's doctors, who receive a

Finance Minister Aridor, who is

trying to hold down wage rises to

cut Israel's striple-digit inflation. has offered increases of up to 30

Health Minister Shostak has

been pressing Mr. Aridor to inc-

rease the offer. They exchanged

insults at a heated cabinet meeting

Sunday, according to leaks in the

by saying he would intervene in

Mr. Begin ended the argument

starting salary of about \$350 a

month, claim their basic earnings

will function." he added.

are less than a maid's.

per cent.

Israeli press

agencies. ASALA said during 'negotiations' between its men and the Turkish authorities, the Turkish army opened fire and 17 people were killed in the ensuing

27 injured was incorrect.

ASALA says

guerrilla group said Monday that

more than 25 people, including 17

Turkish soldiers, were killed dur-

ing a shooting incident in Ist-anbul's central bazzar last Thu-

The Beirui-based Armenian

Secret Army for the Liberation of

Armenia (ASALA), which has

already claimed responsibility for the incident, said an ann-

ouncement by the Turkish aut-

horities that three people died and

In a statement delivered to news

It said the leader of the ASALA formed an emergency operation at Soroka, Sunday, he said. "If there commando group and three Tur-kish officials were killed when he is a disaster doctors will be given infusions and sent into operating

set off a grenade. . . ASALA added that altogether more than 25 people were killed and 32 injured in the incident.

#### South Yemen to refine Iranian crude, Vellayati says

TEHRAN (R) - South Yemen will refine Iranian crude oil in Adeo and ship it back to belp meet Iran's domestic needs under a memorandum of understanding signed here, Iranlan Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Vellayati said

Monday. Mr. Vellayati was speaking on Tehran Radio at the end of a visit to Iran by South Yemen's foreign minister, Abdul Aziz Al Dali.

He gave no details of the volume of oil involved, but said the memorandum also covered Iranian imports of fish from South Yemen and exports of Iranian goods, including clothes.

Iran's refining capacity has been reduced by its war with lrag. which has forced the closure of a complexat Abadani

# Fateh Revolutionary Council to meet

(Continued from page 1)

Libyan-backed Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine-General Command (PFLP-GC).

The dissidents have accused Mr. Arafat of being too involved in U.S. Middle East peace diplomacy while neglecting armed struggle against Israel and toying with Arab-Israeli solutions that fall;

A PFLP-GC spokesman told reporters in Damascus Mooday the group supported the "revolutionary upsurge" within Fatch both morally and politically but denied that it had participated in

any armed clashes. Questioned about the all-

short of giving the Palestinians a egations of Libyan involvement. the spokesman said: "It is not at all logical that the Libyan armed battalion deployed in the Bekaa should participate. It is under the order of the Syrian forces in the Bekaa and the Syrian command has not issued any orders to it to

move or intervene in these cla-

## Private U.S. relief group to aid Afghans

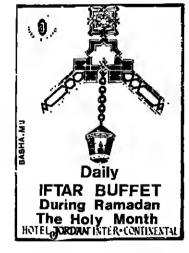
WASHINGTON (R) - A private Jimmy Carter and honorary cha-U.S. relief group called Ame- irman of the group based in New ricares Monday announced plans to send between \$2 million orters the drugs and other medical and 44 million worth of medical supplies to Afghan retugees in Pakistan.

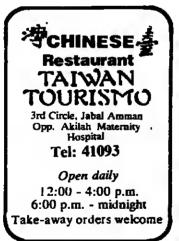
Zbigniew Brzezinski, national security adviser to President han government and Insurgents. the aid plan.

Canaan. Connecticut. told repsupplies would go to Pakistan in a special airlift in August.

He said refugees from fighting between the Soviet-backed Afgestimated to number more than three million in Pakistan alone. were "desperately in need of medicine" to treat injuries and widespread disease.

"It is not a political effort, it is not designed to advance any foreign policy objective." he said of













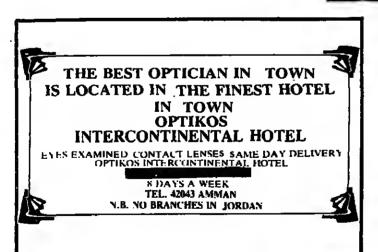








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# HOME NEWS

## King condoles Al Qudah

AMMAN (Petra) - The Balqa governor Monday deputised for His Majesty King Hussein in conto Al Qudah family on the death of Ahmad Al Qudah.

Prime Minister Mudar Badran also deputised the director of the Balqa governorate police depveying His Majesty's condolences artment deputised for in conveying his condolences to Al

The Amman-based Acdima.

which has a capital of 60 million

Kuwaiti dinars, and Oman plan

jointly to produce 60 million pla-

stic syringes per year. The

Muscat-based factory is then sch-

eduled to raise its capacity to 100

million units by 1988, according to

meetings were delegates from

Mayor Abdul Raouf Al Raw-

abdeh on ways of strengthening

Arabia and Acdima.

Also attending the two days of

# Acdima to prepare report on pan-Arab syringe production

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Arab Company for Drug Industries and Medical Appliances (Acdima) and representatives from four Arab states concluded their talks here Monday on the production of plastic syringes in the Arab World.

The delegates asked Acdima to prepare and submit a working an Acdima spokesman. paper on the coordination of syringe production in the region to its next meeting to be held in two Jordan. Oman. Kuwait, Saudi

Mayor of Athens to visit

AMMAN (Petra) — The Mayor of Athens Dimitrios Beus will arrive in Amman Tuesday at the head of a delegation for an official six-

day visit to Jordan at the invitation of the Amman municipality.

cooperation between the two municipalities in many fields. Mayor Beus will also view the projects being implemented by the During his stay in Amman. Mr. Amman municipality and will be Beus will have talks with Ammao briefed on its future plans.

#### Karak governor plans to change council members

KARAK (Petra) — Acting Governor of Karak Shawkat Jaradat has decided to change the composition of the Al Mujib village council. with Al Qasr district governor Fahim Al Nawayseh as head of the council. In addition to the head of the council, eight new members were appointed to the council.



#### Arab delegation 'concerned over conditions of workers under Israeli occupation?

GENEVA (Petra) - Labour Minister and head of the Arab delegation to the conference of the International Labour Organisation (ILO) Jawad Al Anani told the conference here Monday that the group is "deeply concerned over the continuous deterioration of the conditions of the Arab workers in Palestine and the occupied Arab territories."

Dr. Anani said the settlement policy adopted and implemented by the Israeli authorities in the occupied Arab territories is an obstruction to the development of the residents there and to their employment opportunities, as confirmed by the reports of successive ILO missions.

The Israeli occupation authorities are continuing their blatant defiance of the consensus of the international community by continuing the construction of settlements, he went on. The total settlements constructed so far have reached 182, including 132 in the West Bank. 36 in the Syrian Golan Heights and 14 on the Gaza Strip.

Dr. Anani warned against the seriousness of this policy which is daily being aggravated, particularly now that reports say that the Israeli occupation authorities intend to build 6.000 housing units in the West Bank and to double the number of Jewish residents there to reach 1(0),000 by 1987.

Concluding his speech. Dr. Anani said the "continued occupation of Palestine and the other occupied Arab territories is a blatant violation of human rights and the basic liberties of Arab eitizens in general and workers in particular.'



Director of the Jordan Caritas Father Musa Ideli presents Pope John Paul II with a silver plate during his

# Caritas director returns from Rome conference of charitable societies

Jordan Caritas, Father Musa Ideli of the Roman Catholic Church. returned to Jordan Sunday after participating in an international conference of the Caritas societies held in Rome.

Delegates from 125 countries, in addition to the many other observer organisations participated in the conference which mainly discussed charity projects in Third World countries, Father Musa

told the Jordan Times. The conferees were received

A.M.MAN (J.T.) — Director of the in audience by His Holiness Pope John Paul II and Father Musa presented the Pope with a token gift of a silver plate of the historic Jordanian city of Petra and a golden medal depicting His Majesty King Hussein and the late Pope

Paul VI when he visited Jordan in

The pontiff accepted the gift gratefully and wished the Jorhealth, happiness and progress.

danian monarch and people every Father Viusa said.

in West Germany and Switzerland discussed ways of supporting certain charitable projects in Jordan. the Caritas Jordan director said.

The final communique of the t2th general assembly of Caritas International stated that Caritas activities in Jordan include health. educational and humanitarian assistance. It has a vocational centre for the training and rehabilitation of women prisoners, four clinics. one dentistry and four vocational schools for the training of women Other regional Caritas meetings in handicrafts and needlework.





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# NCC debates cement production, agrees on need to have further discussions

By Lamis K. Andoni Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Prime Minister Mudar Badran Monday dismissed as "groundless" National Consultative Council (NCC) resolutions and recommendations against the expansion of the cement industry in Jordan. The resolutions were presented to the council by the NCC's Economic Committee during Monday's regular session.

Abu Hassan, the committee stated that there is no economic feasibility in expanding the cement ntries. industry in Jordan. The committee's report claimed that its resolutions were based on the grounds of lack of sufficient markets for any surplus cement production, and that the present production can cover the needs of the local market. The committee then recommended a freeze on the construction of the seventh kiln of the Jordan Cement Company or any other similar project. It also called for a comprehensive and concise study "on the development of cement demand' in the local market and in the neighbouring countries, particularly East African countries and Yemen.

Mr. Badran said the resolutions were not based on scientific giounds". He strongly refuted the committees' elaims that neighbouring countries cannot absorb exported Jordanian cement.

The committee's report stated that "there will be a surplus in cement production in Saudi Arabia. Iraq and the Gulf countries." As for countries of the Red Sea,



Fahed Fanek

According to the present law.

Many members had demanded to

keep their special passports after

retirement from the NCC, and the

prime minister's decision not to

respond favourably to the demand

eaused a wave of protests among

the members." Why should senior government officials keep their

special passports after retirement.

while we are not allowed the same right." remarked one member.

We are also in government ser-

vice. And have political res-

NCC members are appointed

every two years, this being the third NCC Jordan has.

Jordan Times

Tel: 666320

ponsibilities as well." he said.

## **Economist** predicts future

AMMAN - Alia Vice President Finance Fahed Fanek has published a new Arabic booklet under the title: "The Jordanian Economy Tomorrow".

The author offers a survey of the Jordanian economy's performance during 1982 with forecasts for 1983. He then points out possible challenges facing Jordan in the near future and makes recommendations on how they should be tackled.

-- Alia News

#### Non-Jordanian trucks banned

AMMAN (Petra) - Transport Minister Ali Suheimai Monday sent a circular to the relevant authorities in the port of Aqaba not to allow non-Jordanian trucks to transport goods into Jordan.

The measure has been taken because there are sufficient Jordanian trucks to transport goods from Aqaba to other parts of the

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# TIMES

WHICH WAY FOR POLAND?

THE POPE AND THE GENERAL (TIME COVER STORY ON THE PAPAL VISIT) A NEW BOSS FOR NATO? (LUNS REPORTED READY

TO HAND OVER TO CARRINGTON) THE THATCHER SHAKEUP (TIDYING UP FOR THE SECOND TERM)

**EUROPE'S SLOW RECOVERY** 

EUROPE'S ECONOMY: BETTER BUT NOT GREAT (REPORT OF THE TIME EUROPEAN BOARD OF ECONOMISTS)

In its resolutions, which were the committee pointed out the read by its rapporteur. Mamdouh Jordanian cement will not be able to compete with cement produced in other cement-producing eou-The prime minister said the production of the South Cement

ompany, which will start in May 1984, is not intended for export to Saudi Arabia or any of the Gulf countries. "Our aim is to export to East African countries which need cement. such as Ethiopia. Egypt. Sudan and Somalia," he said. Mr. Badran explained that Jor-

dan will be able to compete with the other cement-producing countries such as Spain and Greece, because of its location near these African countries.

Transportation accounts for 30 per cent of the cost of production and marketing and in this respect Jordan has the advantage over other cement-producing countries because of our closeness to East African countries", the prime minister said.

Mr. Badran revealed that Egypt has already offered to buy half a million tonnes of cement from the Cement Company of the South. He also said that Kuwait has expressed interest in investing in half of the capital of the company.

NCC members Amin Shukair. Taher Hikmat, Jawadat Shoul, Ali Khashman and Abdul Majid Al Shreidah pointed out, each seperately, that resolutions on the economic feasibility of any economic project in the country should be based on scientific research and accurate information. Mr. Shukair said the Economie Committee's resolutions reflect "a crisis of confidence" between the government institutions and the people which should be solved. He did not explain why.

Three of the committee members, Khalil Al Salem, Mamdouh Abu Hassan and Anis Muasher



Mr. Anis Muasher, chairman of the NCC's Economic Committee

lied that the resolutions were erament but it was merely posbased on a report prepared by the sponed due to the world's rec-Cement Company of the South and were adopted in the presence of the president of the National Planning Council and the director general of the Jordan Cement Company.

The prime minister charged that the informations upon which the committee's resolutions were based were not accurate, and he revealed facts upon which the government acted to approve the projected expansion in the cement industry. Mr. Badran said the government based its decisions to expand on a study of cement consumption in the local market as

well as in neighbouring markets. The study showed that Jordan is importing one million tonnes of cement annually and that the per capita cement consumption has risen to 885 kilogrammes annually, he said. "These lindings prompted the government to deeide to build the seventh kiln in the Jordan Cement Company", he

Mr. Badran said that contrary to what was widely believed before "the building of the seventh kila

cssion".

Furthermore, the prime minister said, there is a need for a seventh kiln because the Jordan Cement Company has declared that the three first kilns were "totally consumed". He said Jordan still needs to increase its production of cement to satisfy the growing demand of the market. Without expansion, he added, Jordan will face a shortage of cement by 1986.

NCC members later submitted two proposals; the first called on. the Economic Committee to study the feasibility of expanding cement industry again, and the second. which was endorsed by the committee's chairman, called for referring the whole issue to the goveromeni.

The council voted for the first proposal, and the Economic Comminee will have to come up with fresh resolutions in a future session.

At the end of the session, NCC President Suleiman Arar, annonnced the Council's recess for this year, but he did not say when



Prime Minister Mudar Badran (left) Monday addresses the NCC, as cabinet members listen (Photos by

#### Alia flies the flag at Paris air show

AMMAN -- The Paris Air Show. a major event in the aviation industry, takes place every other year. Most international aviation companies and aircraft manufacturers take part by exhibiting their products and services.

For the past three Paris Air Shows, Alia has participated in the international event. This year, we cooperated with MEA and Kuwait Airways in a group chalet which projected the Arab heritage and Arah advancements in eivil aviation as well as the contemporary achievements of each of the three individual carriers.

The chalet was designed to share the Arab culture with visilors, based on discussions among the three carriers and implemented by Alia Design staff. Each airline had its own desk with brochures and posters for distribution.

The 1983 Paris Air Show officially opened on May 27, with French President François Mit-

Located off Mecca Road.

event was heavily scheduled with special activules, and brought different visitors. His Highness Prince Faisal Ibn Hussein was present throughout the air show due to his great enthusiasm for aviation. He graciously greeted important guests at the Alia chalet. The weekend brought His Higlmess Prince Talal Ibn Mohammad to Le Bourget as well. H.E. Sherif Ghazi Rakan Nasser

emonies. Each day of the ten-day

managing director Arab Wings was also present. Alia Vice President Public Relations Khaled Bitar was on hand for several days. Amman Public Relations & Marketing Support staffers Nermine Goussous Jalways busy during all ten days) and Hussein Dabbas manned the Alia desk along with Alia Paris staff.

The busiest days for all were "Jordanian Day" and "Press Day".

Jordanian Day took place on May 29, during which Vice Pre-

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terrand presiding over the cersident In-flight Services Munib Toukan represented Alia at a special luncheon for some 100 invited dignitaries and guests.

Alia Chairman Ali Ghandour was in Paris for the second half of the air show, including Press Day. during which he welcomed more than 30 journalists to a group press conference convened by the three Arab carriers at their chalet.

Mr. Ghandour also gave a brief history of Alia, its progressive growth and its future plans, followed by a question and answer session for the press. Similar briefings were then provided by MEA Vice President Public Relations. Mr. Rafiq Ajouz, and by Kuwait Airways' Area Manager,

The press conference was followed by a luncheon for the press hosted by the three Arab airlines.

Throughout the air show. Alia enjoyed a high profile thanks to the Royal Jordanian Falcons, who performed their aerobatic stunts daily. They were so popular that at the end of each thrilling performance, the general public was waiting in lines to claim the pilots' autographs on Falcons posters.

All in all, the 1983, Paris Air Show was a great success for Alia and Jordan.

-- Alla News

[ علمة المعل ]

# Jordan Times

Responsible Editor: MOHAMMAD AMAD Editor:

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Edisorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation.

Telephones: 666328; 666265 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Felegram: JORTIMES, Amman. Jordan.

University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

he stordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Sobscription and selvertising rates are available from the dan Times advertising department.

### Stopping the slide

THE Fatch fighters pound each other's positions with Grad missiles and machineguns in the Beka'a Valley and near Damascus, and their leaders say these are preliminary rounds to battles against Israel. The Syrians, and the Libyans, support one Fateh faction against the other, and think, or say, that taking sides of one Palestinian group or another is necessary for the fight against Zionism Iran is doing just about everything it could to keep Iraq, and the other Arab Gulf states, from even thinking about Israel. Morocco and Algeria have enough problems of their uwn, over the Polisario Froot and other ideological disputes, to involve themselves further in the Arab-Israeli conflict. Jordan thinks there is not much it could unilaterally contribute to a solution of the Palestinian problem after the PLO decided against Jordanian-Palestiniao Involvement io the peace process for the return of the occupied territories. And the rest of the Arab World is, at best, just

If this horizontal view of the current Arab state of affairs is discouraging. In the sense that only a coherent and strong Arab oegotiating position can ensure eventual stability in this regioo. take a deep breath hefore plunging into the vertical heights of a truly sad picture in the Middle East today.

American and Soviet soldiers, combat-ready and with teosions high, are only kilometres apart. The U.S. will not let go of Lebanon, and Washington is fully prepared to throw its full weight hehind the Israeli occupation army in that country. The Soviet Union has too much at stake to let the Syrian position slip, or be manipulated by the Americans. And there is not any sign that the two superpowers are likely to cooperate on finding

a solution to the Lebanese problem, either. More ominous, and of a more serious and permaneot nature, than the immediate threat of a superpower confrootation, however, is Israel's continuing schemes in the interim to annex the West Bank. This is so because the Americans and the Soviets, for all we know, would never want to confront each other militarily, definitely not over Lebanon this time, whereas for the Israelis there is no better time and climate than a cold or proxy war such as; we are witnessing now to press ahead with their full colonisation of the West Bank.

right oow; and their most logical next step, to keep temperatures high in and all attention focused on Lebanon, would he to actually redeploy their forces south of the Awati River, in which case they can reduce their war casualties as well.

With all their rifts, splits and infighting, the Arabs do not, unfortunately, seem to be able to stand up to all Israeli schemes at once. But they could in the meantime try to stop the slide with the minimum amount of solidarity — by preventing an Israeli redeployment in the Lebanese south and foiling yet another Israeli plan to redraw the map of the Middle East.

#### ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

#### Al Ra'i: Occupied Arabs fear split

THE INTER-PALESTINIAN hostilities are part of a new and dangerous plan by the Zionist-American axis aimed at frustrating Palestinian hopes and neutralising their efforts both politically and economically. In the heat of events, some Palestinians have obviously forgotten that it is the question of Palestinian land and those suffering under Israel's occupation that matters most, and that these two major issues were the bases of the Palestinian struggle, which derives its legitimacy from them.

The urging by prominent personalities in the West Bank and Gaza to go heyond these marginal differences in the Palestinian struggle reflects the fear overwhelming the Palestinian people that such differences might open the way for the disintegration of the Palestinian movement. This very sincere call to preserve Palestinian unity is expressed by all Palestinians. Those who are directly facing the tyranny of the Israeli occupation have great faith in their just cause and in their leadership's ability to preserve the unity of Palestinian resistance and its independence. Minor differences must not then be allowed to escalate and jeopardise the unity of the struggle.

#### Al Dustour: Europe's policy collapse

THE TEN-STATE European summit issued Sunday a statement concluding its work at Stuttgart-West Germany. The statement announced the lifting of the ban on the \$40m Irozen since Israel's invasion of Lebanon. Paradoxically, the European statement also expressed support for the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA), Moreover, the statement did not. imnically, stop short of mentioning that a just and durable Middle East settlement should take into account "previously-mentioned" principles.

The European leaders seem to have grown intolerant of naming things openly. The American sailor also seems to have succeeded in summoning up the "right" winds for his vessel on this continent. With America's happy love affair now including Paris. Bonn and London in its strategic alliance with Israel. Europe has chosen to give way to American hegemony unquestioningly. Europe is now reluctant even to refer to its previous stance, while past talk about a European contribution to a Middle East peace now seems clear as nothing but marketplace bluffing.

#### Sawt Al Shaab: How long Arab inactivity?

THE UNITY of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and that of Lebanon and its territorial integrity was the target of Israel's invasion of Lebanon. The Arabs then enjoyed the bird-watcher's role, and they prohably do not see why they should change that position now. The Lebanese arena has now been left to the hig powers alternately to decide on the course of future events. The background for developments in the Lebanese issue is now either the U.S. position or the Soviet one. Even the internal differences within the PLO seem to be subject to such domination. Under a slogan of solidarity, the Arahs have chosen to stop playing a positive role. They have done nothing to tackle the Syria-Lebanon disagreement on the troop withdrawal accord; furthermore, they have even chosen to step aside regarding the inter-Palestinian conflict, which is threatening to break the unity of the Palestinian struggle.

graduate and a second control of the second control of

# What flag waves your souk?

By Rami G. Khouri

the Jordanian economy. To many people, the economy is in a worrving spiral of decline. To others. it reflects a long overdue slowdown that is not only natural, but perhaps even welcomed after a full decade of sustained and high growth averaging about nine per cent a year, in real terms -- a performance hard to match among other non-oil-producing developing countries. The truth, as always, hes somewhere in hetween, or in a combination of both the pessimistic and the optimistic views. Seeing as I have never studied economies and still cannot read the balance of payments table of the Central Bank's monthly statistical bulletin, after nearly a decade of trying. I feel most qualified to offer an assessment of the economic reality of Jordan today, and its often neglected pol-

itical aspects. First, the bad news. I think fordan is passing through the second most difficult period of economic challenges in its modern history. the coast period having been the years hetween 1968 and 1972. when regional and internal wars made a mockery of domestic attempts at development and growth, I say this is the second worst period of troubles because almost all of the economic vulnerabilities that have always thrcatened the economy have been actionted virtually simultaneously. including: 1) a sudden collapse of

These are extraordinary times for the previously booming export market to Iraq, due to Iraq's shortage of foreign exchange. Exports to Iraq had grown from JD3.4 million in 1978 to JD 70 million last year, or from about live percent of Jordanian domestic exports in 1978 to nearly 40 per cent in 1982: 2) a sharp drop in budget support from the Arah oilproducing states, which had promised at the 1978 Baghdad summit to give Jordan \$1.25 billion every year. This money was delivered as promised between 1979 and 1981, years during which Jordan planned for its future security and capital expenditure needs on the assumption of continued budget support of this magnitude. Last year, about St hillion in aid was received. This year, Jordan expects to receive about \$750 million in Arab grants, or a shortfall of \$50tt million in one year: 3t a flattening out of remittances from Jordanians working in the oilproducing states, which registered JD 381 million last year compared to JD 341 million in 1981, or virtually no real growth when inflation is accounted for: 4) a depressed international commodities market, meaning that the price of Jordan's main export commodity. raw phosphate rock, remains low. while the quantities of phosphate sold also show slow if not flat growth, and possibly even a decline in real revenues from exports if inflation is accounted for; the

prospects for increased fond exp-

orts are also weak, given increased even lower when remittance inc- we have, therefore, is an obvious the economy, after being acclocal production in traditional Gulf markets and heightened competition from other regional food producers: 5) the prospects for significantly increased exports nearby Arah states remain clouded, given the slowdown in the economies of the oil states due to lower oil prices and sales, in Iraq due to the war burden and in Egypt due to its limited ability to pay hard cash: (b) regional political turmoil coupled with ideological and or military threats from Israel's militaristic messianic ruling establishment prohably slows down some private investments or savings in Jordan that have been made during the past decade without a second thrught tand, in some cases, probably without a first thought either, but that's another tale, for another

So much for the had news. Now for the good news. None of this is new, and even though all of Jordan's potential vulnerabilities are striking simultaneously, we are dealing with an economy of a substantially different nature and scope than ever existed in the couniry before. While Jordan could not even raise a loan from the World Bank in the early 1970s. earlier this year its demand for a 200 million Euroloan was oversubscribed. The country's debt service ratio remains quite low, at (GNP) increased from JD 1524

ome is calculated. The country's ability to raise funds internally has been well proven during the past five years, when indigenous financial institutions, working closely of manufactured goods or food to with the Central Bank, extended over JD 1000 million in locally synilicated loans and provided over JD 511 million in bond issues. This is all medium-and long-term financing, not short-term overdrafts that were the only financing method used until the mid-7tis. Total commercial bank outstanding credit reached JD 921 million carlier this year, from JD 332 million in 1978, a rather amazing increase by even the Disneyland growth standards of the Middle East. The real test is yet to come, however, as the local banks and investment companies will have to show their real, long-term ability to generate funds to help make up for the reduced inflow of money into the economy than has always passed from the Arab oil states into the central government's hudget and finally into the hands of Jordanian employees, companies and wor-

Last year, the economy grew at a real rate of some six per cent. with preliminary ligures from the Central Bank of Jordan showing gross domestic product (GDP) (at market pricest rising from JD 1206 million to JD 1366 million. while gross national product less than ten per cent, and drops million to JD 1711 million. What

slowdown in the rate of growth of the economy, reflecting a shortterm drop in money flowing into the country from abroad. As Central Bank Governor Dr. Mohammad Sa'id Nabulsi notes:

We have no cracks, no Souk Manakhs' Irelerring to the recent crash of the unofficial Kuwaiti stock market based on post-dated cheeks), no involvencies or bankruptcies as have been experienced in some of the oilproducing states. The real rate of growth of the economy is still there, and the core indicators of economic performance are as robust as possible under the prevailing circumstances of the area".

Foreign exchange and gold reserves also remain strong, at JD 418 million with the Central Bank and JD 284 million with the commercial hanks.

The \$225 million Euroloan. coupled with a delay in implementing some non-pressing new capital development projects in the five-year plan, mean Jordan will get through this year more or less as scheduled. The crunch could come in 1984, if the inflows of money into the country from aid, exports and remittances remain stagnant, and reduced levels of central government expenditures spill over and continue the slowdown in the private sector.

The political question is the intriguing one: How will the citizenry react to a sustained slowdown in

1978 stating that they were clearly

illegal under international law and

Jewish community, the dem-

Q. Does anyone ever collect on

A. The main thing about the

tax-exempt status for Israeli

bonds is that it violates a basic

American concept. While you

have alliances with foreign nations

and meet the letter of those all-

iances, you should not have undue

affection or anger against any for-

eign country, which is what Geo-

rge Washington said in his far-

informal alliance with Israel which

Israelis would form an alliance

with South Africa, they would

leverage"

Congress.

Israeli bonds?

astomed to a decade of brisk and uninterrupted growth, always boking to the government to pump money into the economy and to hire hundreds of thousands of employees? Perhaps a new political psychological factor has to be assessed: Will the Arab cilizen of a nation-state under short-term pressure take the money and run, or will be at one point make a stand keep his money at home, invest in his economy and make a political declaration of an intent to stick it out through the bad days in order to benefit from the good ones once again? Do we have the fortitude and sense of cohesion to help our nation-state get through a rough paich after we have grown and prospered for so many years thanks to the structure and spending of that same nation-state? Are we talking about Arab nation-states of some validity and durability, or are we talking only

ot souks with flags? I suspect that we may be reaching a turning point in the Arab psyche, at which the citizen stops reacting to adversity by packing up and fleeiog, or sending money out of the country, or emigrating, Short-term economic challenges throughout the Arab World are testing the nature and depth of political allegiance among the subjects of the state. Souks close in times of adversity. Nations sur-

form an alliance with Iran. There

is no question that in that part of

# McCloskey: Arabs must change U.S. public opinion

One of the strongest voices in the U.S. Congress for an even-handed approach in the Middle East. Pete McCloskey, was defeated in 1982 elections by the all-powerful Jewish lobby, Mr. McCloskey recently agreed to speak to the Sandi English language newspaper Arab News in an exclusive interview. Following is the full interview:

#### By Grace Halsell

Q: How did you become interested in the Arab-Israeli con-

A. Let me tell you how it happened: I. like every other congressman, was pro-Israel. I lacked study of the issue. I accepted what the press said about Israel, and what we knew about Israel's history or, that is, the general impression of Israel as a small emhattled country facing hostile Arab forces on all sides. That aura that existed in the United States from at least the early 1950s to the 1973 war I suppose conditioned all of us to he pro-Israel and anti-Palestinian. There was no Palestinian lobby, there was an Israeli lohby and the Palestinians and other Arabs did not go on the radio or get stories in the press or make movies, and the Jewish community did, and they almost dominated the media of this cou-

What triggered me to first reexamine the issues of our relationship with Israel occurred in 1978 when it came to my attention that the Israelis had used cluster bombs in southern Lebanon. The idea that we had given them to the Israelis and the Israelis had used them against civilians really offended me. The Israeli government in 1978, after first denying that they had used them, finally admitted that they had used them and that they had violated the agreement with the United States.

When I ran for Senate in 1981.1 was asked a question about peace in the Middle East, and I said if we are going to have peace in the Middle East we members of Congress were going to have to stand up to our Jewish constituents and respectfully disagree with them on Israel. Well, the next day the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai Birith accused me of fomenting anti-Semitism. saying that my remarks were patently anti-Semitic. By using this term. this meant that they could single me out. I replied, explaining that to say the Jews have a strong lobby was not anti-Semitism, but merely an expression of a very current idea and it is still current. I am seeking to identify the Jewish lobby for what it is.

It includes all of the organised Jewish organisations. None of them can or will bring themselves to challenge Begin. Even if they disagree, they feel that if there is any public hearing of their disagreement, they will bring condemnation down on Israel and heighten anti-Semitism. What they do not see or refuse to see is that if they insist on being Jews first and Americans second they will recreate anti-Semitism.

tement in the Los Angeles Times. that "whatever Begin may espouse and whatever Begin may ask the Jewish-Americans to espouse, the Jewish lobby in America will spring to his support". What was the result of that?

Q. You made a powerful sta-

A. It probably cost me the election, but the statement was right. And in due course, it will be pro-

You see, much of the strength of the Jewish lobby thus far has been the absolute conviction, highly fomented from Israel, that what is in Israef's best interest is in the United States' best interest. And they have played to the hilt this concept that Israel is the only stable U.S. ally in the Mideast, over and over again that is droned into our cars. The strength of the Jewish lobby in part is that the line Jewish community all over the United States. So U.S. Jewish leaders and U.S. Jewish communities approach their congressmen with this one line. Let me give you one example. I have this letter from a Jewish woman in California. She tells me of attending a meeting of 300 Jews. in which they were all instructed to "write your public officials" and to stress these poi-

"First, Israel moved against the PLO in Lebanon as a master of self-defence.

Second, the PLO has been using Lebunon as a staging ground for countless acts of terrorism, and Israel's goal was to establish a 25-mile 'quiet zone' in order to free it from terrorists.

'Third, Israel's objectives in Lebanon serve the U.S. national interests.

"Fourth, the PLO has been the centre of an international terrorist network, fied to the Soviet Union. The PLO and Syria: as chief clients of the Soviet Union, contribute to the instability of that region and their setback was a net gain for the U.S. America's access to oil depends on the peace and stability imposed by the Israelis in the area.

Remember: keep your letters short, and limit each to one issue".

That is superh lobbying. You see, you have to hand it to the Jewish community: They work hard, they are family oriented. they urge their children to get ahead in school, they seek positions where they can be of influence in the community and influence leadership. They represent incredible success stories. Whether it is in law firms or banks or newspapers, you will find Jews in high positions, and they have earned it.

Q. On any major issue involving the Middle East, how many letters would a congressman get from Jewish Americans and how many from Arab Americans?

A. First of all, note that Arab part in their first or second generation. Few Arabs came here before World War Lor World War II. And any ethnic group in their first or second generation is generally occupied in establishing roots in the community and getting their children into college. They work very hard. It's really the third or fourth generation befnre people feel secure enough as The Jews, for example, kept very holocaust in Germany, and the ricans felt because they stood sil- what Eisenhower did. that is.



Pete McCloskey

ent, or they prospered, while their uncles and cousins or grandparents were killed .. this was a powerful motivating force to participate in the system. And the Jewish media managers run the holocaust on American television all the time: they wunt to keep before the Jewish community this sense of guilt and this driving force. The Jews now have become almost "professional victims".

Today, you have perhaps 6 million Jews and 2.5 million Arab-Americans: yet, I would guess the political participation of the Jewish guess the political participation of the Jewish community is 100 times over that of the Arab Ame-

Jewish Americans take immense pride in the militancy of Isracl. It has become perhaps the most effective fighting force in the world. Regarding the raid on Entebbe, you hear a lot of comments from Jewish Americans: "The Americans couldn't have done Entebbe. look at the American attempt to get hostage out of Iran". They like the militancy of the Israelis.

It will all iron out. The Israeli militancy is an excess -- and the pendulum will swing back. The excesses of Sharon will ultimately be balanced because now the Palestinians have the same motivation. And the Arab World in support of the Palestinians has the same motivation. But it may be years before the Arabs and Arab-Americans achieve the desire and the ability to mobilise forees and change public opinion as the Jewish community now com-

Q. And are the American people the second biggest victims -after the Palestinians and other

Arabs -- of Zionism? A. It's our own fault, if we designate Israel as the 51st state and Americans are here for the most our agent in that part of the world. And in every Arab nation that I visited, they view Israel as the agent of the United States. And they point out. Israel couldn't be doing what they are doing without the unqualified aid that makes the Israelis the aggressors and the rac-

I do not have any doubt that the people who have said "Zionism is racism" are absolutely right. You new arrivals in the country to par- can't take land without ousting ticipate in its political structure. people who are on that land.

Q. A former United States quiet for many years. It took the ambassador said recently he does not believe there will ever be anoguilt feelings the Jewish Ame- ther American president to do apply any pressure on Israel. What

is your opinion? A. Reagan is capable of it. Reagan is a leader. But we have not really had a strong presidential leader since Nixon and Johnson. Both were leaders in the sense that they could go to the American people and over the heads of Congress, or in Johnson's ease he had the Congress with him, But leadership is sort of an accident of personality and circumstances that exist at the time, and if Reagan wanted to draw the line with Israel and go over the heads of Congress and say to the American people. "I want to cut 2.7 billion out of our hudget deficit this year munity. hy holding back all aid to Israef' -- if he got made enough to do that and stated the case I think the American people would overwhelmingly back him. And you would then begin to see Congress standing up to the Jewish lobby.

But it takes strong presidential leadership. I have thought -- it has crossed my mind occasionally - of challenging Reagan in the Republican presidential primary in New Hampshire, not because I would expect to be president or want to be president, but because somebody ought to debate the issue of the lack of courage of American presidents in standing up to the Jewish community. Foeusing national debate in a presidential election might be the best way to push things forward.

I ran against Nixon in '71 and '72 with no thought of ever being presisdent, but I thought som-ebody ought to debate him in the Republican primary. In the case of the Democrats, their presidential candidates have to seek Jewish money. Jewish money is a big part of the funding of any Democratic candidate. If you look at Ted Kennedy's expressed views on Israel or Scoop Jackson's or Walter Mondale's, you realise their campaign money comes from the Jewish community. Because John Glenn is an American first, Israel second person, you will begin to see Jewish money quietly trying to come in and discredit John Glenn. because he could be another Jimmy Carter and stand up to the Israelis. John Glenn is a man who could stand up to Israel, and yet in this primary, if he hasn't already been approached, my guess is that he will be approached, quietly, by a few Jewish leaders saving. What is your commitment to 1sr-

If he does not go all out for Isr-

ael, he can be defeated. Your question quoting the former ambassador that no president will stand up to the Jewish community, as Eisenhower did is based on the assumption that no American candidate for president would have the lack of political wisdom not to court the Jewish lobby, that it would be political suicide. Yet, one hates to see policies pursued without challenge.

Q. In the case of Reagan, how much does he know about the Middle East?

A. I do not think that he knew a great deal when he came to the White House. He made siatements that handcuffed the State Department. He made statements about the Jewish settlements in the West Bank being legal, and the State Department legal department had written a letter in

the Geneva conventions. But the the world alliances can shift, seriously just as we in our rel-State Department has not been ationships with the Soviets. able to advance that ruling. Rea-French, Germans and the langan, when he came to the White House, thought Palestinians were anese and Chinese have changed all terrorisis, and that Arafat was a over the years. gangster. In the process of gning Syria is absolutely terrified of a through these last couple of years war with Israel. Damascus would he may have had the opportunity be leveled in about 2tt minutes. to learn more, but I would guess and whatever the rhetoric may be. that it has been rare that he has the last thing the Syrians want to talked with Arabs and he talks quite often with Jewish people.

do is to go to war with Israel. Q. If the last thing that Syria But there is one aspect of Reagan on this issue: he certainly is not beholden to the Jewish com-

wants is to go to war with Israel. what about the other side? Is Istael, getting ready for a war with A. I think possibly. Israel's pri-

Q. And what was Eisenhower's mary goal right now is to try to A. He said we would cut off lock America into a military alleconomic and military aid and do iance, and to trap the Syrians and away with the tax-exempt status the Rossians into some kind of a on the money that is raised by posture where America's identity appeared to be with Israel, that is, American Jews for Israel. To show you how far this tax-exempt that we supported Israel in a war money raising for Israel has gone. against Syria and the Soviets. One of the major selling points of the in California, which has a strong Jewish lobby -- and I watch very ocratic controlled state legislature carefully what it tries to sell -cnacted a law, signed by the govtheir number one selling point, the line that goes out to every Jewish emor, granting the California concommunity, is that Israel is the troller the ability to invest in Israeli bonds. I don't know if they only stable, democratic, reliable U.S. ally in the Middle East. They have invested money in these bonds, and if so, how much, but it want us as an ally, they want us is a matter of law and it was passed committed as an ally. And the way to become an ally is to get involved by Henry Waxman, who was then in the California legislature and is in a war, particularly if you can now a powerful leader in the U.S. identify the enemy with the Soviet

> Take the war in Lebanon as an example. You don't invade a country on a moment's notice. The Israelis were poised to go into Lebanon for months, all they wanted was an excuse. They had not been hit from shelling by the PLO for nine months. And yet they sought to provoke the PLO into a

Union.

And I think if they could provoke a war with Syria they possihly will do so.

ewell address. We have forged an And yet I am absolutely con-vinced that if fsrael thought it was is highly dangerous to this coumry. Every nation acts in its selfin their interest to be allied with interest. And the assumption that the Soviet Union instead of the our self-interest and Israel's will Unned States, that they would always be the same is absurd. The make that choice.

·- Arob News

## **LETTERS**

## No 'unwilling invitation'

To the Editor:

accept it.

In reply to R. Blomen's letter on Jordan's Channel 6 programmes (Jordan Times, June 19), I bave three questions to ask him or her:

I - Can the writer name a country in which the oews is broadcast in four languages?

2- Moreover, can he or she name a broadcasting network in any country that transmits to all foreigners programmes in their native languages?

3- Finally, can the writer name a country that respects, protects and welcomes foreigners the way Jordan does? To say the least, when a free of charge service is rendered, and this is what Channel 6 is doing, no one is "unwillingly invited" to

> Y. SHA BAN P.O. Box 3120 AMMAN



Despite an abundance of skills and natural resources, Syria is facing a long hard struggle on two fronts -- against Israel on its borders and a hard-pressed economy at home. Inefficiencies and patronage in the state sector and erratic aid from other Arab countries are hindering economic performance, while the fall in oil revenues and foreign remittances are also taking their toll. Yet many bankers and contractors are bullish about the country's long-term prospects, as Gavin Shreeve, of the Arab Banking and Finance, discovered in Damascus.

Syria is bracing itself for a long hot The country has everything it summer with a campaign on two fronts - in the Begaz Valley agamst Israel and against a deteriorating economy at home.

On the military front, Syria is said to be better equipped than at any time during its long confrontation with Israel, thanks to the Soviet Union fulfilling its pledge to redress the technological imbalance between the two sides. The many military convoys from the ports of Latakia and Tartous also testify to the Syrian arms

The Israelis are taking Syria's new show of strength seriously: ABF has learned that U.S. intelligence officers travelling with Secretary of State George Shultz during his recent Middle East shuttle warned the Israelis that in any war with Syria they could lose up to 1.500 men - politically an unacceptable figure in Israeli public opinion. However, despite Syria's good showing last summer, when crack Syrian troops gave the Israelis a bloody nose in the Begas, the balance of power is still tipped in Israel's favour,

On the economie front, Damascus is under siege. Most Syrians are in no doubt that they can hold out but many admit that much has to be done internally to prevent the walls from being breached. needs to achieve this, says Rafiq

Jarrar, deputy secretary-general (foreign relations) of Cummercial Bank of Syria (CBS), "We are rich in resources, skills and potential. We have oil, rich agricultural land, water, plenty of sunsbine and all the facilities for a booming tourist trade. This is a land of plenty". Why then is Syria in desperate uirements.

financial straits and quarrelling with all its neighbours? "We are defending the Arab World." says Jarrar, encapsulating much that is right and wrong in Syria today. It is both honest reason and rat-The honest reason lies in Syria's

consistent and often solinary stand against Israel regardless of the cost and with little enough Arab support. Arguably this legitimacy does not extend to Syria's role in Lebanon, where there are other expedient reasons for a continued presence - not least, control of the important headwaters of the Orontes which flows north along the Bequa Valley into Syria past the strategic town of Homs. Yet although cause and confrontation may justify the economic and social costs, the nation's fraught security is also being used to conceal inefficiencies and patronage in the state sector which are hindering economic performance.

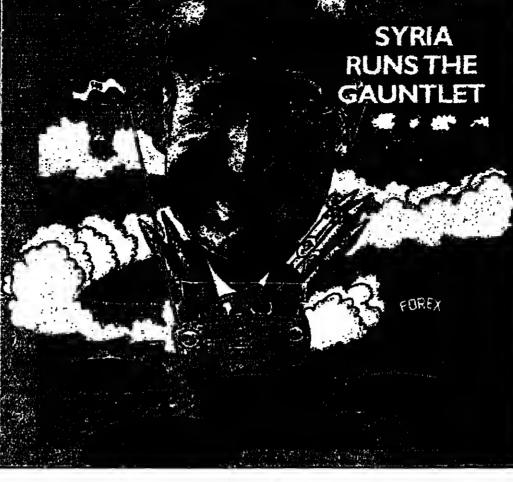
Herein lies the rationalisation. Private- and public-sector sources in Damascus refer to Syria's astronomical production costs caused by high material prices, a dearth of talented management in some key areas, and over-staffing and bureaucratic management based on family ties and party connections. One Syrian economist, speaking at a recent symposium in Damascus, underlined these problems. In an unprepared ending to his speech, he claimed that in some state manufacturing companies nearly a fifth of the workforce draws wages without turning up for work.

In several sectors, he added, production costs exceed the market value of the product. Sugar is said to be a prime example. A more serious case concerns the vital oil sector, which in 1982 accounted for some 75 per cent of exports. The economist claimed that the cost of naphtha from the Hnms refinery used as feedstock in the fertiliser factory is more than the value of the finished product. If the naphtha were to be exported, the revenue could pay. for all of Syria's fertilisers req-

#### Erratic aid

Many ministers and senior civil servants are acutely aware of these shortcomings and in some cases are trying to dn something about them. For example, Oil and Mineral Resources Minister Abdel-Jabbar al-Dahak and his able denuty Nader Nabulsi are working bard to reduce inefficiencies at the ageing Homs refinery. A large oil and gas investment programme is also being carried out with both U.S. and Eastern bloc cooperation. Yet all these improvements have to be made within the context of Syria's siege eco-

Aid from other Arab countries has been slow, erratic and in some cases (reportedly Libya and Algeria) non-existent. At the 1978 Bagbdad Summit, Syria was pro-



mised \$1.800 million a year in Arab aid and, although accurate figures are difficult to obtain. Western diplomatic sources say Damascus has never received the full amount. Recently the flow is said to have fallen drastically; some reports estimate 1982 aid at \$1,200 million-1,400 million but most sources believe it was much

Even remittances from Syrian workers abroad are believed to have fallen to about \$1,000 million in 1982, bringing the country's foreign exchange carnings last year to only \$2,000 million. Against this figure must also be set

the \$275 million Syria reportedly lost in revenues for 1982 with the closure of the Kirkuk to Banias oil pipeline carly last year, Syria's other main forex earners have also been hard hit. Oil revenues have been affected by the sharp fall in world prices and now a large percentage of oil, cotton, phosphate and textile exports are being absorbed into complex harter arrangements with Iran (for oil) and Comecon countries (for project

Trade has fallen to all-time lows. British. West German and French sources all report a 20 per cent fall in sales for the first three months of 1983 and few expect demand to pick up. Most businessmen are reporting up to six. months' waiting time for the issue of L.C.s. By the end of this April the last L.C. issue for a U.K. firm was on Nov. 7 last year.

construction, technology, and

CBS Jarrar denies that this means a shortage of foreign exchange. "We have the full capability to provide LCs. The delays are part of a specific policy to restrict imports," he told ABF. However, there are exceptions. The state-owned CBS -- the only authority to deal in foreign banking imports and the money supply has will always grant LCs for milary or Strate imports such as oil-drilling and road-building equipment. Agricultural seeds are

also given priority. contract starts from the contract signing date (March 16, 1981)

(Nov. 5, 1982). If the Syrian view prevails, the West German firm could be liable for severe noncompletion penalty clauses.

#### Proper procedures

Life for an importer following the proper procedures is also not easy. Official regulations state that an LC may only be granted on the presentation of an import licence. But the importer has to place a deposit for the licence and this money can be retained for up to seven months while the importer waits for his LC.

This device has taken a lot of money out of circulation and reduced the demand for official foreign exchange. Whether it has effectively reduced imports is not clear as no statistics have been published for 1982, but privatesector sources say the government's strategy seems to be working. Says one of Damascus' biggest contractors: "Imports have virtually balted, with allocations for importing even essential materials getting smaller and smaller".

Despite a growing black market, government control over ble levels of 13-20 per cent. This is despite huge increases in fuel costs: in less than three years, for example, diesel has risen to 300 per cent and petrol prices by 25-30 per cent. Mr. Al Dahak told ABF that these huge increases would not be inflationary because of subsidies for low-income earners, yet a side effect of the rises is that they are deterring overland transporters moving from Syria to Jordan, thereby losing transit fees for Syria.

The lack of published statistics rather than the issue of the first LC also makes it difficult to assess the

true level of the country's external debt. Some reports estimate it at about \$3,000 million but Mr. Jarrar told ABF that it was still around \$500 million. The latter figure clearly excludes purchases of military hardware and perhaps even

Syria has to buy oil from Iran for its Banias and Homs refineries, which cannot handle pure Syrian crude because of its high density. Under a deal made early this year Iran is to supply Syria with 6.7 million tonnes in 1983 -- 1 million as a gift, 5 million at the official Iranian price of \$28 a barrel and the rest in a complex barter arrangement. Syria will have to find more than \$900 million this year to pay for the oil, although it is not yet clear how much (if any) of the crude to be refined in Syria is for re-export back to Iran.

The Israelis are taking Syria's new show of State George Shultz dursame applies to the oil industry, where most drilling is now at a ing his recent Middle East standstill while further seismic aelis that in any war with sector businessmen say there are no problems with bid bonds an unacceptable figure for Israeli public opinion.

Yeı despine Syria's cash-flaw problems it has no plans to look to overseas commercial markets for funds. Last year Syria mok on its first syndicated credit to raise \$75. million for importing 27,000 cars, but that money was for a specific purpose. Although politically radical, Syria's financiers and bankers are cautious. Says Mr. Jarrar: Interest rates on commercial markets are far too high. It is not worth trying to alleviate present debt by taking on greater debt." He also insists that Syria is on course with all its debt commitments. All that was left, he told ABF, was some shott-term debt at 180 days and some small "overdrawn accounts"

#### Pragmatism

Fiscal policy is still closely con-trolled but it also contains a strong element of pragmatism. Syrians cannot hold local accounts in foreign exchange but can deposit forforeign exchange. Syrians may also hold overseas forex accounts as long as they give proof of a genuine involvement in foreign trade or are employed overseas. How long this position will last is uncertain. There have been unconfirmed reports of more and more Syrians buying property and business overseas; but contractors and businessmen in Syria's small but dynamic private sector told ABF that looking to the West for

business opportunities was not the

For many contractors the profit margins in Syrio are greater than in West Europe or the U.S. where the competition is fierce and demand still depressed. However, most of them stressed the distinction between large contracts and small ventures. The fifth five-year development plan (1981-86) is an austere document with no new projects planned -only those with strategie importance are getting the go-ahead. There is no active move against the private sector (which contributes about 30 per cent of GNP1 but it is almost impossible for a private-sector company to win any of the big infrastructure projects unless the company has the right government contacts.

Bank guarantees are also difficult to obtain, say contractors, because of the huge collateral demanded. They also complain that public-sector companies are diversifying their interest into areas previously the reserve of the private sector. Construction is strength seriously: ABF particularly depressed. One contractor told ABF; "I cannot say I has learned that U.S. intelligence officers tra- year - and my company is one of velling with Secretary of the mare successful in Syria". The shuttle warned the Isr- studies are carried out. Private-Syria they could lose up to (which have a fixed majurity) but 1,500 men - politically performance honds are left open-ended with public companies and banks taking an inordinately long time to relase the money.

Despite these gloomy tales. most observers say the private sector is doing very well. Indeed, the same businessmen who complain of difficulties also admit that, although they do not agree with everything the government does or says, strong central authority has provided a stable business environment, Most, however, would like to see more sophis)ication and competition in the banking sector. with more of the facilities usually associated with a private system.

Mr. Jarrar stressed to ABF that the banks would remain firmly in the hands of the state but said discussions were going ahead for an international branch "somewhere in the Gulf'. Diplomatic sources say this branch is unlikely to be an OBU because Syria lack the experience and resources to set up such a facility. At present CBS foreign stakes include 85 per cent in Beirur's Syro-Lebanese Commercial Bank (with the rest of the interest also Syrian held) and 7.3 per cent in UBAF.

Although Syria does not yet have a sophisticated financial sysand bave immediate access to the rar's contention that the country is well-blessed with resources and skills. Yet the seemingly intractable political problem on its borders is going to be an increasing drain on both those resources and those skills. Despite massive injections of Soviet and other Eastern bloc help, Syria has not become --- despite Western propaganda -- a new Moscow surrogate. But the question now being asked in Syrian and diplomatic circles is how long it can take the economic strain.

#### Historic Irish battlefield up for sale Cromwell and given to Protestant the battle with marches, bands and By Colin McIntyre

Reuter

DROGHEDA, Ireland - One of Ireland's most historic sites, the field where William of Orange defeated James II in the battle of the Boyne in 1960, is up for sale and may go to an American buyer.

on the River Boyne outside Drogheda, north of Dublin, the batlefield is something of a shrine for Irish Protestants.

(12-hectare) site to fetch 50,000

number of serious offers, mostly from the United States, and is in the process of negotiating a deal. The defeat of the Catholic king

Now a prime piece of farmland

Drogheda estate agent Aidan Robinson expects the 300-acre

pounds (\$65,000). Robinson says he has received a

But he declines to go into detail. by the Protestant William of Orange dashed Irish Catholic bopes of recovering large areas of land confiscated by English ruler Oliver settlers from England and Sco-

now British-ruled Northern Ireland. Thus the descendants of these settlers celebrate the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne, July 12, every year in the province where Protestant outnumber Catholics two to one.

e capital of Northern Ireland the words "remember the Boyne" can be found today scribbled on bullet-scarred walls.

specualtion that it might be bought by the Orange Order, the largest Protestant: organisation in Northern Ireland with between

Most of the land lies in what is

In Protestant areas of Belfast,

When the sale of the site was announced there was immediate 80,000 and 100,000 active mem-

Every July 12 thousands of orangemen from Nortbern Ireland are joined by members from many other countries to commemorate bonfires.

But a spokesman for the order says it is unlikely the order could raise the necessary cash, even if it

He adds that the political sitvation in the Irish Repbulic, which is predominantly Catholic, would make ownership of the site by the Orange Order "not a practical proposition."

tarian violence in Northern Ireland in the late 1960s, a steady steam of tourists from the province used to visit the battle-site. On the way home many would throw coins into the River Boyne. for luck, as the train roared across the bridge at Drogheda.

When a large marble and limestone obelisk on the site commemorating the battle was blown up shortly after Ireland became independent and was partitioned in 1922, hundreds of northerners came down to buy fragments at six

The then owner of the field, a retired soldier of fortune named "Pope" Heeney - so called because he fought with the Irish regiment in the papal army against Italian leader Garibaldi - was thus able to clear his field and make a tidy profit.

The site also includes the grave of one of William's Dutch gen-erals, Scomberg, marked only by a small stone carrying the simple inscription "1690".

The new owner of the battlefield will have as his neighbours a large estate now owned by Trinity College Dublin, and another that was formerly the seat of the Earls of Drogheda.

Though the latter estate is now under different ownership the title still exists, and the present earl lives in London.

As an added bonus for a prospective buyer, the battle-site also adjoins some of the best salmon fishing in Ireland.

However, the LC lead times and he problems of foreign exchange have caused other strains. West Germany's Babcock Bau, a subsidiary of Deutsche Babcock. has stopped work on the S£386 million (\$67 million) Damascus teaching hospital because the Syrians are insisting that the 36-month

# FOR THE TRAVELLER

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#### TV & RADIO JORDAN TELEVISION MAIN CHANNEL 15:50

- Life in the Brari ... Clicket 16:50 Arabic Series .... Religious Programme Arabic Seties 19:10 News in Arabic Ramadan Quiz \_ Special Panel Discussion

FOREIGN CHANNEL French Programme
News in French
News in Hebrew Movie of the Week: East of 20:30

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

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lections 07:00 World News 07:09 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 What'a New 07:45 The World Today 08:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Jazz For the Asking 99:09 World News 99:09 24 Hours News Summary 99:39 Orlando Gibbons 99:45 Network U.K. 10:00 World News 10:09 Network U.K. 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Strictly Instrumental 10:30 Alternative Proms 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Interlude 11:40 Look Ahead 11:45 Discovery 12:15 Wimbledon Report 12:30 Diversions 13:00 World News 13:09 News about Britain 13:15 Letter from London 13:25 Seedland This Week 13:30 Soorts Int-Scotland This Week 13:39 Sports International 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15
The Quartet 14:45 Sports Round-up
15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours News The Quarter 1444S Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours News Summary 15:30 Network U.K. 15:45 A Jolly Good Show 16:30 Gulliver's Travels 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 17:50 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 17:50 Radio Newsreel 18:15 Wimhledon '83 18:45 Cricket 19:00 World News 19:09 Scotland this Week 19:15 Europe's Untidy Peace 19:45 Sports Round up 28:60 World News 20:09 News 8bout British 28:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Nature Notebook 20:40 Farming World 21:00 News Summary 21:43 Look Ahead 21:45 Orlando Gibbons 22:00 World News 22:09 24 Hours News Summary 22:30 Hermits 22:45 Musical Families 23:15 Wimbledon Report 23:25 Paperback Choice 23:30 Gulliver's Travels 24:60 World News 90:09 The World Today 68:25 Scotland This Week 00:40 Reflections 60:45 Sports Round up 01:00 World News 91:39 Commentary 61:15 Latin '83 61:39 Metridian

**VOICE OF AMERICA** 

05:00 The Breakfast Show: News, Intormal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews, Answin reasure kepons, interview, Antiwers to Listener's Questions, Science
Digest. News Summary at 30 minutes
past the hour. 17:00 News 17:18 Magazine Show 17:39 Special English News
and Features 18:00 News 18:19 Newline 18:39 Now Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Magazine Show 19:36 Special English News and Features 28:00 News 20:10 Newsline 20:30 Now Music USA 21:00 Newsline 21:30 Dateline/Focus 21:00 Newsline 21:30 Dateline/Focus 22:00 News and Editorial 22:15 Music USA Jazz 23:00 VOA World Report

#### WHAT'S GOING ON TODAY'S EVENTS

**CBS NEWS** 

"CBS Evening news at the American Centre at 4:00 and 7:00 p.m.

EXHIBITION

" "Petra," photographs by Roger Clo-itre, at the French Culture Centre.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, 1al. 24590. Church of the Ammunication (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeb, 37440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabai Hussein, 661757. Church of the Annunclation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Red-eemer) Jabai Amman, 43453.

ing Orthodox Church Ashrafich 75261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafich, 71751.

ian Catholic Church Ashrafich.

Ammas International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

#### **CULTURAL CENTRES**

R	loyal Cultural Ceou American Centre	Tal 661026/7
P	menem cente	26147 0
В	ritish Council	
-	reach Cultural Cent	rre 37009
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	THE PROPERTY OF LOCATION ASSESSMENT	THE CANADA

#### MUSEUMS

Polkiere Moscount Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760.

Jordan Archaeological Maseusa: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of lordan. Jabal Al Oafa (Citadel Hill).

Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 a.m.). Clead Tureday.

(Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by cootemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Ceotury orientalist artists. Muntazah. Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128. Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilis dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m. 4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240. Puppular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc.

#### SERVICE CLUBS

Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. · 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lious Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammen Marriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Philadelphia Retary Club, Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m. Rotury Chib. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Chib. Jabal Amman,

#### PRAYER TIMES

Fighth Circle, Tel. 815261.

62:38	***************************************		Imsa
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#### AMMAN AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Alla information department at the Queen Alia International Airport tel. (081 53250, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS Cairo (M5)

08:45 Cairo (RU)	
69:05 Agaba (RJ)	
09:15 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)	
09:30 Jeddah (RJ)	
09:40 Dhahran IRU)	
09:45 Kuwait (RJ)	MONTH ENGITAR
19:15 Beiru (RJ)	MONEY EXCHAN
10:35 Dhahran, Riyadb (SV1	
13:25 Cairo (MS)	Local sellibuy rate
13:40 Kuwaii (KAC)	Belgian franc 71/
15:30 Cairo (RJ)	Dutch guilder 126.9/
J6:00 Bucharest, Istanbul (RJ)	Egyptian guinea 334.2/
16:15 Cairo (RJ)	French franc 47.1/
16:15 Lamaca (RU)	Iragi dinar 438,1/
17:15 Frankfurt, Geneva (RJ)	Italian lire (for 100) 23,9/
17:15 New York, Vienna (RJ)	Japanese yea (for 100) 151,2/
17:35 London, Paris (RJ)	Kuwaio dinar 1236.5/
18:25 Copenhagen, Athens (5K)	Lebanese lira 84.7/
18:25 Zurich, Athens, Damascus (SR)	Omani riyal 1040.5/
18:45 Amsterdam, Athens (KLM)	Qatari riyal 99.1/
19:30 Tripoli (RU)	Saudi riyal 104.9/
19:40 Frankfuri, Damascus (LH)	Swedish crown 47.3/
19:55	Swiss franc
20:15 Beirul (ME)	
	Syrian lira 63.3/
60:25 Cairo (MS)	UAE dirham
00:36 Cairo (RJ)	U.K. sterling pound 554.1/
60:45 Baghdad (RU)	U.S. dollar 362.5/
	W. German mark 141 8/

Cairo (RJ)

#### DEPARTURES:

... Damascus, Frankfurt (LH) ......... Aqaba (RJ) Beirut, Paris (AF) 07:00 07:40 Beirut (ME) .... Athens, Tunis (TU) Vienna, New York (RJ) 11:15 .. Tripoli (RJ) .. Cairo (MS) 11:30 .. Athens, Copenhagen (RJ) ...... Riyadh, Dhahran (SV) 11:45 12:IS 14:36 Kuwait (KU)

Dhehran (RJ) \_ Abu Dhabi (RJ) \_\_\_ Baghdad (RJ)

Cairo (Ri ... Athens (OA) ..... Cairo (MS) ..... Dubai (RJ)

Local sellibuy rates in fils Belgian franc 71/ 71.4 Dutch guilder 126.9/ 127.7 Egyptian guines 334.2/ 339 French franc 47.1/ 47.4 Irani dinar 438.1/ 447.5 Italian lire (for 100) 23.9/ 24.1 Japanese yen (for 100) 151.2/ 152.2 Kuwaio dinar 1236.5/ 1241.6 Lebanese lira 84.7/ 85.3 Omani riyal 1040.5/ t048.2 Qatari riyal 99.1/ 99.8 Saudi riyal 104.9/ 105.6 Swedish crown 47.3/ 47.6 Swiss franc 171.2/ 172.2
Dutch guilder 126.9/ 127.7  Egyptian guines 334.2/ 339  French franc 47.1/ 47.4  Iraqi dinar 438.1/ 447.5  Italian lire (for 100) 23.9/ 24.1  Japanese yen (for 100) 151.2/ 152.2  Kuwaio dinar 1236.5/ 1241.6  Lebanese lira 84.7/ 85.3  Omani riyal 1040.5/ t048.2  Qatari riyal 99.1/ 99.8  Suudi riyal 104.9/ 105.6  Swedish crown 47.3/ 47.6
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Kuwaio dinar
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Omani riyal
Qatari riyal
Qatari riyal
Saudi riyal
Swedish crown 47.3/ 47.6
Syrian lira
UAE dirbam
U.K. sterling pound 554.1/ 557.4
U.S. dollar

#### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be fine, with normal temperature and winds will be nonthwesterly mod-erate. In Aqaba winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

Low/high temperature in deg.C. Jordan Valley ....

Yasıcıday'a high tamparatufes: Amman 28, Aqaba 36, Humidity rea-dings: Amman 26 per cent, Aqaba19

#### **USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.**

#### **EMERGENCIES** Dr. Ali As'ad ..... ..... 193, 75111 Firstaid, fire, police \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 199 Blood bank \_\_\_\_\_\_ 75121 Civil Defence rescue \_\_\_\_\_ 661111 Al Dajani Pharmacy

#### HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre .. 813813-32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 44231-4 Akleb Maternity, J. Amman 42441 Jabal Amman Maternity 42362 36140 Shmeisani Hospital ....... University Hospital ....... Dar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein Al-Mussher Hospital .......... 667227-9 The Islamic, Abdali ............. 665292 

NIGHT DUTY AMMAN: Dr. Yousef Al Horani ...... 25478

Upperflower price in fils per kg.

Falastin pharmacy	. 25216
Neil Jaxi	. 44433
Grand palace tax:	667079
Medical city (axi	813613
Faisal taxi	. 22051
Rashid taxi	
Tulai taxi	
ZARQA: Dr. Khalil Abu Husseio Al Jalab pharmacy	
IRBID: Dr. Fakhri Swelih 32	40/2980
GENERAL	

Hotel complaints Price complaints

Overseas calls ...... Cable or telegram ......

# MARKET PRICES

Apple (American) 500 / 450	Grapefrui
Apple (Double Red) 150 / 100	Grapes
Apple (Golden) 150 / 100	Grape leaves
Apple (local) 150/100	Lemon
Amela (Crackes) 150/170	Marrow (large
Apple (Starken) 150/120	Martow (small
Apricols	Mallow
Banana 270 / 220	Melon
Banana (Mukammar) 230 / 200	
Beens	Onion (dry)
Beans (broad) 100/ 70	Onion (green)
Cabbage150/120	Okra
Carrot 130 / 100	Oranges
Canliflower (white) 150/120	Peaches
Chetries	Peas
Chick peas (green) 80 / 50	Pears
Coconut	Pepper (Swee
Corn	Pepper (Hot (
Committee (1-10)	Potatoes
Cucumber (large) 150 / 120	Pium
Cucumber (small)	Radish
Eggplant (large) 170 / 130	Spinach
Eggplant (small) 240 / 200	
Fakkous 150/120	Watermelon

. 1000 / 800 400 / 30ti . 1807 150 . 150 / 100 200 / 160 220 / 180 450 / 350 .... 650 / 500 .. 450 / 350 Green) ...... 600 / 500 . 220 / t80 . 350 / 250 .. 150 / 120 .. 200 / 160 . 160 / 130

# SPORTS

Sunshine marks Day 1 at Wimbledon

# Connors, McEnroe safely negotiate first round

LONDON (R) - Americans Jimmy Connors and John McEnroe, the top two men's seeds, safely negotiated their first-round matches at the start of the Wimbledon Tennis Championships Monday, but neither of their opponents succumbed without a str-

On a day of blazing sunshine. both men set out in pursuit of the winner's £66.6(0) (\$1(0),000) times found the going tougher gusted. than they can have expected.

ieved McEnroe of the Wimbledon title last year and went on to replace him as U.S. Open champion. heat Eddie Edwards, a resident of Johannesburg hut with American nationality, 6-4, 7-5, 6-3, McEnroc repeated the first-round win he scored over fellow-American Ben Testerman in the French Championships last month, this time winning 6-4, 7-6, 6-2.

Connors admitted after being kept on centre court for nearly two hours by Edwards that he was not entirely happy with his game, notably his service, "But I moved very well for the first match and got some of the anxiety out of my system." he said.

Connors' opponents normally employ one of two methods against him on grass, neither of them particularly successful. They either try to out-hit him, which is a bit like trying to out-talk viuhammad Ali, or use as little pace as possible to deny Connors speed for his own withering ground sir-

Edwards tried the latter but as Connors commented: "They can play the way they want to. I'm going to play the way I do. They can stand on their heads if they want to.'

Edwards must have feared at the outset that he was going to be swept aside by the sheer aggression of Connors' game. In the opening game he was broken to love and the defending champion flexed his muscles ominously.

But he broke back immediately with the help of three unforced errors from Connors and the opening set was decided by just one more service break in the third

Edwards had his best spell in the second set when he led 3-0 and 4-1 but the ferocity of the titleholder's counter-attack proved decisive and after coming back to take the set. Connors won the

third easing up. vtcEnroe had his familiar differences with officials. photographers and the world in general but none of them on the grand scale of some of his tantrums. He prize with straight-set wins but at was disgruntled rather than dis-

McEnroe was foot-faulted on Top Seed Connors, 30, who rel- four occasions, twice more than Testerman, and eventually berated one linesman in the middle of the second set, saying: "I haven't been foot-faulted once since I arrived in Europe and you've called five already.

"Doesn't that strike you as a little strange... do you know what a foot fault is?"

McEnroe reached top form only when Testerman, ranked 1614th in the world, served the seventh of his 11 aces to force the second set tiebreaker. He won the tiebreaker 7-2 and went on to win 16 of the next 18 points which left him with an impregnable 4-(I lead in the third set.

After that the luckless Testerman could do little more than join the crowd in admiring McEnroe's varied game... gentle lobs which floated over his opponent's head and landed like snowflakes. bludgeoning forehand and backhand drives and exquisitelyangled volleys.

McEnroe conceded later that apart from his strong finish he did not play well, although his left shoulder, which has been troubling him, was not the problem. "The shoulder is a lot better than a week ago. "I've had treatment and I'm confident I'll continue to improve." he said.

Jose-Luis Clerc of Argentina. the seventh seed, became the first major casualty when he was beaten 6-1. 6-4. 6-2 by Italy's Claudio Panatta, whose success may help to give him recognition in his ow right rather than as Adriano's younger brother.

Playing on an outside court. Clerc. a clay-court specialist, showed all hisold uncertainty on grass and Panatta, with some pleasant

repenoire, had the Argentine under pressure from the start.

Understandably. Panatta described it as "the best win of my career." He added: "Clerc is never very happy on grass and he was well below his best today. But I couldn't rely on him to make mistakes. I had to play my shots."

BBC covers event

The Wimbledon tennis tou- concerns expense payments to TV mament reached its 350 million crews.

# Lewis wins 3 events in U.S. track and field meet

INDIANAPOLIS (R) - American Carl Lewis tuned up for the first World Athletic Championships by setting an American sprint record at the U.S. Track and Field Championships at the weekend.

Lewis looked invincible as he exploded from the blocks to clock a record 19.75 seconds for the 200 metres Sunday night -- one of three events he won here.

And afterwards he admitted: "I sacrificed a chance to get a world record in the long jump to win three events here. I ended up with an American record in the 200. I'm very pleased."

Earlier Lewis recorded the second best long jump in history -- a superb 28 feet 1004 inches (8.79 metres) -- having raced away with the 100 metres on Saturday. It was

the first time in 97 years that an individual has won three events at the championships.

Lewis named Track and Field Athlete of the Year in 1982, said he hoped to compete in all three events at the World Cha-mpionships in Helsinki in August.

He is due to run for the U.S. against East Germany next weekend but said: "Right now I'm exhausted so I'll only run the 4x100 metre relay."

Lewis' winning long jump came on his first attempt and was aided by wind of 1.89 metres per second strength, just under the permitted 2.(ii) metres per second for record purposes.

'It was a great jump so I decided to take another one and try to go more than 29 feet." said Lewis. who hopes to break compatriot Bob Beamon's world mark of 29 feet, 21/2 inches (8.90 metres). But his second jump, in a lessening wind, was 28 feet. 7 inches (8 71 metres).

World record holder Ed Moses won his 75th consecutive 400 metre hurdles race in 47.84 seconds, fastest in the world this year. And Mary Oecker-Tabb ran the women's 3,000 metres in 8:38.36. the second fastest time by an American.

Earlier she won the 1.500 metres in convincing style.

# **TENNIS TALK**

# Spin Serve

By Maureen Stalla

GOOD SERVERS hit most of their serves with spin. Spin makes the ball loop and increases its chances of going in.

The first thing to do in learning the spin serve is to change the

grip from forehand to backhand, or nearly backhand. This grip allows you to brush the ball more easily instead of meeting it 'flat on". Your first efforts at this serve will probably land short and to the left. Hit up and to the right. This motion will give you the proper wrist motion for the most widely used serve-the topspin

During the backswing it is necessary to turn the body more sideways as you toss. The tossing arm actually should trace a I, it will fall down ("down together") in front of the baseline but rise up ("up together") parallel to the baseline. After the ball drops a few centimetres from its peak, hit up over the back of the ball. The swing is also parallel with the baseline as the racket goes up to the ball. Be sure the back foot does not come forward before the ball contact--n will interfere with proper spin. The back shoulder comes around much later in the spin serve than the flat; you will be off balance after you hit, so step forward with the back (right) leg and finish with the racket to the left of the body:

A good way to practice the proper wrist action is to practice serving to the backhand side of the ad-court. Be sure the wrist does not open up so that the palm or hand faces the sky on the backswing. If this happens you will be hitting under and around the ball rather than up and over the ball.

### Brazil, aristocrats of soccer, trophies add youth cup to

Gabrich appeared to be pushed by

the Brazilian keeper with only one

Brazil came close to scoring in the

fifth minute when the burly Mario

Santos broke through only to be

Few if any of the youngsters

Prompted by the wing runs of,

Mauricio Vilella and Jorge Cam-

pos. Brazil created the clearer

chances in the first half although

Campos shot just over the bar

in the 22nd minute and Islas pro-

wled his goalmouth anxiously as

Brazil forced a handful of free

kicks just outside the penalty area.

the scoreline remained blank until

Paulo Ferreira weaved a path thr-

ough the Argentine penalty area

: He was brought down by Jorge

Borelli and little Silva calmly str-

penalty kick into the corner of the

rounds of golf I've ever played,"

Nelson said at a press conference.

I 6th was lucky. "I was only trying to get it close," he said. "II had to

go over two levels. You don't

said he thought Nelson might

for a second successive title when

he birdied six holes over the front

nine to open up a lead of 'hree

strokes. But, as in the 1978 TGA

three-putt from that position.

Morgan, his playing partner.

Walson had seemed destined

make too many of those."

He admitted that his putt at the

ed up to send a perfectly-place

But their aim was off target and

the midfield battle was close.

could ever have played in such a

torrid atmosphere but there was

no sign of nerves and play flowed

robbed by the diving Luis Islas.

Both sides settled quickly and

minute remaining.

smoothly.

fans worldwide despite an earlier

The threat stemmed from a lab

our dispute between the British

Broadcasting Corporation (BBC)

But the BBC broadcast the first

Talks were being held Monday

to try to resolve the dispute, which

day of the world's top tennis tou-

mament as scheduled, to 90 cou-

threat to television coverage.

and television crews.

MEXICO CITY (R) - Brazil the troversy when French referee aristocrats of international soccer. have added yet another trophy to their glittering collection -- the

World Youth Cup. The young Brazilians beat Argentina I-II on Sunday before more than 100,000 fans in viexico City's Aztec stadium where Pele and company won the senior World Cup for the last time 13 years ago.

Brazil dominated the match. an exciting rather than tactically brilliant affair, though it took a firsthalf penalty to give them the win-It was fitting that little Geovani,

Silva should take the kick as he emerged as the star of the toumament, winning both the top player and top scorer trophies with six goals. The Brazilians, showing occ-

asional flashes of the form that destroyed the likes of Czechoslovakia on the way to the final, mixed their traditional artistry with steel in defence. Argentina were barely given a

glimpse of goal and were left still six minutes before the interval. looking for their first win against their old rivals in more than a dec-The disappointed Argentine

players were booed off the pitch at the end after becoming involved in a bad-tempered Fracas with press photographers. The game had ended in con-

wound up 35 feet past the hole.

Watson made that putt to a tre-

mendous cheer, but had to settle

for second place with his round of

69 that gave him a total of 281.

sorts from the second place purse

of \$42,000, which made him only

the second player to exceed 53

million in career earnings. Nic-

klaus leads the list with over \$4

Gil Morgan parred his final

three holes for a 68 that earned

him third place on 283. Calvin

Peete and Masters Champion

Severiano Ballesteros of Spain

shared fourth spot one atroke fur-

ther back after final rounds of 73

and 74 respectively.
Then came Hal Sutton, who fin-

ished his tournament Sunday on

287. one ahead of Lanny Wad-

Nelson, balding but boyish-

faced at 35, had been playing poo-

rly up to the Open and was lan-

guishing at 92nd on the money-

just off the ground, and it paid

He regained the touch which

prought him the 1981 U.S. PGA

itle, and a combination of his flo-

wing swing and deft pulling pro-

ved irresistible over the last two

His score of 132 for the last two

rounds shattered the record of 136

set by Gene Sarazen way back in

dividends.

rounds.

Watson gained a consolation of

Argentina, driven on by the stocky Zarate in midfield, were spurred into greater efforts but they could not break through the ste-

ady Brazilian defence, marshalled Alain Biguet ignored Argentine by Edson Bonifacio. Brazil soon pulled on defensive penalty claims after striker Jorge

substitute Coelho to tighten up the back and the Argentine attacks fizzled out. Meanwhile Brazil relied inc-

reasingly on rapid counter-attacks and in the 51st minute Silva should have scored his seventh goal of the tournament. He was put clear but his cbip scraped Islas' lefthand post. Zarate was forced deeper into

defence in a bid to build up Argentina's attacks but the close marking of Neitor Camarin and Bonifacio allowed him and his colleagues no space.
Gustavo Dezotti almost scored

for Argentina in the 70th minute when his swerving cross hit the Both sides became increasingly desperate as the final whistle app-

roached but referee Biguet kept a

tight grip on the game and booked two players from each side. The last time the two sides met the match had to be abandoned because of violence but there was

The result left Argentina searching for their first win over Brazil in any level of professional soccer in more than a decade.

Silva was named player of the tournament ahead of Islas Ands Zarate of Argentina.

LEEDS, England (R) - England 50,4 overs. tuned up for Wednesday's World Cricket Cup semifinals with a nine-wicket demolition of Sri Lanka at Headingley here Mon-

The victory left the hosts top of qualifying Group 'A' with 20 points from six matches and Sri Lanka rooted at the bottom with Sunday's victory over New Zealand their only reward from six

Sri Lanka, sent in first, were left floundering as England's pace trio of Paul Allott, Norman Cowans and Ian Botham went to work.

Opener Sidath Wettimuny and tail ender Rumesh Ratnavake provided the only resistance as Sri match award from adjudicator Lanka were shot out for 136 in Richard Hutton. Bob Willis was

Wettimuny made the top score taincy instead. of 22 and Ratnayake 20 not out in an England onslaught which left

Allott with three for 41 and Cowans and Botham two wickets api-The hosts, already assured of a last-four place, reached the target for the loss of Chris Tavare in only

England demolishes Sri Lanka

24.1 overs. Graeme Fowler completed his fourth successive half century as he reached 81 not out, and with David Gower contributing 27 not overs.

out the match ended before tea. Fowler's innings was insufficient to win the man of the

But Fowler's form vindicated England's decision to persevere

rewarded for his England cap-

with bim after his disastrous start to the recent tour of Australia. He has now scored 327 runs in the competition. Botham bowled with more fire and determination. After Willis

had removed Brendon Kuruppu the all-rounder dismissed Arjuna Ranatunga for a duck and the stubborn Wettimuny in successive

The middle order scalos belonged to Allott and Cowans. playing bis first cup match in place of the injured Graham Dilley. He finished with a tidy two for 31:1.

#### **Buoyant Windies trounces Zimbabwe** BIRMINGHAM. England (R) - run in another telling burst. effectively blended defence with

World Cup holders West Indies underlined they have reached peak form in the one-day toumament with a 10-wicket trouncing of Zimbabwe at Edgbaston here Monday.

Weat Indies completed their Group' B' games with a flourish as Desmond Haynes and Faoud Bacchus shared an unfinished opening partnership of 172 after Zim-babwe were all out for 171 off the final ball of their 60 overs.

The champions' success, set up by fast bowlers Joel Garner. Malcolm Marshall and Wayne Daniel. emphasised their early traumas were firmly behind them.

West Indies were shaken by their first-ever cup defeat when they lost to India in the opening group game, but have won the remaining five and are in buoyan mood for Wednesday's semifina against Pakistan at the Oval.

Pakistan qualified on faster scoring rate after an I I-run victory in Nottingham on Monday over New Zealand, with whom they finished

level on points. West Indies seized the initiative against Zimbabwe by sweeping aside the first five wickets for 42

after the 1001-1 shots won the toss on a good batting pitch. Zimbabwe's decline started at

17 when Joel Garner sent back Grant Paterson and Jack Heron with consecutive deliveries, and their troubles were compounded as three wickets tumbled for one Marshall, whose increased

speed has been a feature of West Indies' growing superiority, fired out Robin Brown and Andy Pycroft, while Daniel sent back Dave Houghton when skipper Clive Lloyd took a superb catch at short backward square.

Skipper Duncan Fletcher, Zimbabwe's most successful batsman in the tournament, resisted for 23 until he was bowled by Viv Richards' off spin.

Richards followed up with the wickets of Ian Butchart and Gerry Peckover as Zimbabwe crumbled to 115 for eight in the 49th over. Kevin Curran, top scorer with

73 in Saturday's defeat by India.

Zimbabwe's total a greater mcasure of respectability. Zimbabwe lost their final two wickets in the 60th over when Curran was bowled for 62 by Oanicl who also bowled Peter Raw-

aggression to complete a half con-

tury in 108 minutes which gave

Haynes and Bacchus, opening in place of the injured Gordon Greenidge. passed Zimbabwe's score with 14.5 overs to spare.

son for 19 with the last delivery,

Haynes. 88 not out, was the more aggressive early on but Bacchus blossomed to finish with an unbeaten 80 and took the man of the match award.

#### E.Germany wins European Marathon Cup

LAREOO. Spain (R) -- Oouble Olympic Champion Waldemar Cierpinksi and compatriot Juergen Eberding clocked the same time of two hours 12 minutes 26 seconds as East Germany won the team and individual titles in the second European Marathon Cup here Cierpinaki was awarded victory over Eberding after tie pair were

involved in a decisive seven-man break on the 31st kilometre of the 42.195 km race.

Italian Giovanni Poli finished just two seconds behind in third place with compatriot Marco Marchei fourth in 2:12:49. Their effort left Italy second behind East Germany in the team competition with Spain third.

#### CAREER OPPORTUNITIES IN BANKING

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Nelson wins rain-delayed U.S. Open

OAKMONT. Pennsylvania (R) - Larry Nelson won the raindelayed U.S. Open golf ritle Monday, drawing carly blood with a birdie at the 16th hole to shoot a final round 67 as defending champion Tom Watson came up one

a dismal scason coming into the tournament, found his form with a vengeance in the third round with a 65 over the insimidating 6,972yard Oakmont Country Club and continued it in the final round, eclipsing the previous Open record

He had three holes to play when

the championship from ending on schedule Sunday and made his

green to drop a stroke. But it did not prove cosily and he took the \$72.000 first prize.

omy, damp day. He two-putted from 35 feet at the 14th, from 15 feet at the next, and missed a crucial three-footer at the 17th to save par after bunkering his app-

move quickly Monday, rolling in a 60-foot birdie putt at the 228-yard 16th hole. Nelson three-putted the final

Watson had no answer on a glo-

Going all out for a birdie at the final hole, his approach landed

# Nelson, who had been enduring

#### a torrential downpour prevented behind the green and his last-gasp France's Cornu heads field in

motorcycle endurance race

TOKYO (R) — Reigning World Champion Jacques Cornu of France will head a field of 31 foreign riders in the eight-hour World Motoreyele Endurance Race in July 31. Japanese sponsors said

#### Royal Shooting Club hosts contest

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Royal Jurdanian Shooting Club will be host far a Lebanese shooting delegation arriving nn Wed-

nesday June 22.

The club is arranging a contest to take place at their tracks in Juwaideh outside Amman between the visiting Lebanese and Jardanian teams an Wed-

Cornu, 30, will bave compatriot Gerard Coudray as his co-rider in the race, the sixth in the eight-race World Championship.

Both have already won the Le

Mans 24-hour event, the Bold or

in France, and West Germany's Nurbuergring eight-hour race this Herve Moineau of France and Richard Hubin of Belgium, winners of Britain's six-hour Sil-

versione circuit race last month,

are also expected to take part the sponsors said. Other star riders include Jean Lafond and Patrick Igoa of France, who finished second at Le Mans. and Pierre Etienne Samin and Dominique Pernet, also of

France, who were second at Silversione. American Mike Baldwin, Bob Smith and Tony Rutter of Britain, Graeme Crosby of New Zealand and Michael Leonard of Australia will also compete.

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Brand new Machinery German made capacity 35 cubic meters per hour fully automatic operation for information call 061680. 666684 Mr. Ahmed

Price 34,000 JD



#### Pakistan scrapes through against New Zealand That may be the smartest two

no repeat on Sunday.

NOTTINGHAM. England (R) --An unbroken partnership of 147 between Zaheer Abbas and Imran Khan at Trent Bridge here Monday earned Pakistan a World Cri-

here when he built a four-stroke advantage, he made crucial mistakes over the homeward half. He suffered three bogeys over the back nine and made no birdies.

before three-putting the 18th. player to win both the U.S. Open and the PGA. said he was not sure yet whether he would compete in the British Open. Watson, who winners' list. However, he altered has yet to win this year, said he his putting style for this tou- would take part in the Western rnament, lining up with the putter Open before going to Britain

cket Cup semifinal clash against holders West Indies.

solid 1113 not out--the highest triumph over New Zealand.

while Nelson birdied two holes est 126 for three and only 18 overs

Nelson, who became the 13th

Man of the Match Zaheer hit a

score by a Pakisiani in the competition--and Imran a thrilling unbeasen 79 in an 11-run The victory lifted Pakistan into second place above New Zealand.

in Group 'A' on superior scoring It was a tremendous effort by Pakistan captain Imran after his team went into lunch with a mod-

remaining. Bui Imran and Zaheer, dropped at 43 and 49, cut loose after the interval The New Zealand paceman had

given away only 14 runs from

seven overs when he began his

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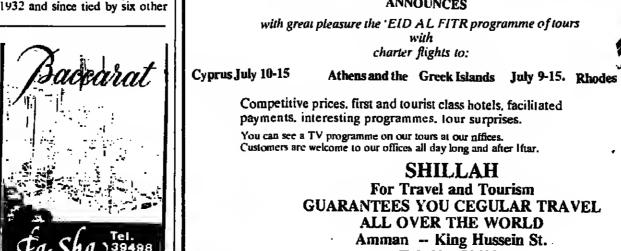
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Amman - Jordan

# West European fish talks focus on herring share-out

to find a formula for sharing nut European community herring catches in the North Sea are likely to be a key issue at a two-day fisheries ministers meeting starting in Luxembourg Monday, diplomats said.

Member states bordering the North Sea will each be pressing for a maximum share of the 75,000 tonnes of herring which remain to be parcelled nut in fixing 1983 fishing entitlements.

No ready formula exists for making this allocation because herring fishing in most of the North Sea was banned for six years and resumed nnly recently after scientists said the stocks were no longer in danger.

An interim deal reached last include commission plans to enlmanth shared out 9,000 tannes of North Sea herring among member states, but Denmark nbjected that its share of 1,000 tonnes was too small compared with the British and Dutch quotas of 3.000 tonnes

Denmark and other states said then that the interim herring quotas should not prejudice member

The community's executive commission completed its recnmmendations on North Sea herring nnly Monday morning, and debate on these is likely to influence progress in fixing national quotas for other fish species. Other issues up far discussion arge a protected breeding area nff south-west Britain where mackerel fishing is banned, in order to ease catch restrictions in other Western waters.

Diplomats said another round nf ministerial talks might be needed in the next few weeks to complete 1983 quotas, partly because Italian elections would preclude full Italian participation in this

Greece is likely to press far mare money for small fishing boats from a \$225 millinn fleet restructuring fund, and may seek such a commitment before endnrsing catch quotas of main interest to northern member states.

# U.S., Soviet Union begin grain talks in Moscow

States and the Soviet Uninn began a new round of talks in Moscow Monday to explore prospects for a new long-term grain agreement.

Under the present agreement. which expires an Sept. 30, the Soviet Uninn has to buy six million tonnes of U.S. grain a year and can buy up to eight million tonnes without further consultation with

Washington. Officials of the U.S. agriculture department have said that under a new-long term agreement they hape in increase the minimum amnunts the Soviet Union is req-

uired to buy. The talks are scheduled to last two days.

The Soviet grain harvest this year is expected in be better than last year and as a result, imports will be less, but it is difficult to forecast how much grain the Soviet Union will need from the Uni-

Moscow gives nnly the vaguest idea about its harvest prospects and keeps grain markets guessing

about its import requirements. The latest forecast of the U.S. Department of Agriculture is for a harvest of 200 million tonnes. compared with 180 million trannes last year. According to the department, imports in the next three years could average 30 millinn tinnes, compared with more than 40 million in each of the past two

Most experts believe that because of the improved harvest Soyiel grain traders will be reluctant in sign a new agreement with the U.S. incorporating higher min-

After the embargo imposed by former president Mr. Carter following the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan Mascow is also thought in be wary nf becoming too dependent in U.S. grain and to favour increasing supplies from countries such as Argentina.

Grain imports from Argentina rose to 5.06 million tonnes in the first four months of this year. compared with 4,47 million in the same period of 1982.

## Dollar strengthens HONG KONG (R) — The dullar entainty in Tokyo sparked by a strengthened in early currency wave of selling orders from the

dealings Mnnday with traders attributing part of the rise to the reappointment of Mr. Paul Vnicker as head of the U.S. central bank.

They said a larger than expected... growth of \$5.6 billion in the U.S. money supply, suggesting that American interest rates will remain firm, also helped the currency at the start of the week in Tokyo. Hong Kong and Singapore.

Asian dealings were described as hectic with the U.S. unit rising West German marks from 2.5590 in New York on Friday, and 241.45 yen from 240.05.

It then eased to 2.5652 marks and 241.10 ven because of unc-

11:

4.0

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

Middle East, unusual in the Asian morning, dealers said.

In Singapore, the dollar later traded at 2.5653, roughly the same level as in Hong Kong where it rose to 7.7210 French francs from 7.6750 in New York.

Asian markets were the first to react to Mr. Volcker's appointment to a new four-year term as chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, which regulates the supply of maney and credit in the U.S. economy.

ouncement ended weeks of speposition after August and unc-

culation about who would fill the ertainty on jittery financial mar-By Harris THE BETTER HALF,

### Abe says Japan must import more

TOKYO (R) - Japan must take steps to boost imports to stave off fresh trade friction and help restore the world economy. Foreign Minister Shintaro Abe said Monday.

Underlining Japan's new determination to cut its huge trade surplus with the rest of the world, he told the National Press Club of Japan: "It is high time for the government to take concrete measures and expand imports and domestic demand."

Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone and other ministers have also been demanding that Japan boost imports following an official report saying this was necessary to ease friction with major trading partners.

The finance ministry has estimated the current account balance of payments surplus could rise to \$14 billion in the present fiscal year from just over \$9 billion last year. The Bank of Japan has forecast a rise to \$18 billion.

## M.E. states reduce funds in U.S. banks

NEW YORK (OPECNA) - Middle East ail exporting cauntries. including OPEC members in the Gulf, continued to reduce their funds in major foreign branches of American banks in the first quarter of 1983, according to a report by the U.S. Federal Reserve

As of March 31, the Middle East nations had \$13.23 billinn nn deposit in the branches, down from \$15.5 billion at the end of 1982. In the first nine months of last year, deposits averaged \$17.6

Central bank afficials said the March 31 level was the Inwest since 1976, when deposits totalled \$13.6 billion.

The officials affributed the drawdnwn in budget difficulties experienced by crude producers as a result of declining oil prices, and a shift by some countries from bank deposits to the stock and bond

Middle East countries listed by the central bank are OPEC members Iran. Iraq. Kuwait. Qatar. Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates, plus Bahrain and Oman.

### EEC jobless rate falls

BRUSSELS (R) - The number of people nut of work in the Eurnpean community fell in 11.n million or 10.4 per cent of the workforce in May from 11.9 million or 10.7 per cent in the previous manth, the Cammunity Statistics Office said Manday.

The number of unemployed in the 1tt-nation community in May last year was 10.1 million people or 9.1 per cent.

The 0.3 per cent fall from April to May this year was not a sign that unemployment levels were stabilising, the affice cautioned.

#### LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Share prices closed firmer across the board with a shortage of stock amongst the jobbers. U.S. buying and light, but persistent, domestic demand combining in push the F.T. index up 1(1.8 to 724.9 at 150th hrs. dealers said.

BTR was in demand fullowing its takeover of Thomas Tilling. rising 26p tn 522p while renewed bid talk saw Bowater rise 26p tn 227p. after 229p. Other index constituents showed gains stretching in 10p on the back of U.S. demand, they added.

Gald shares finished above the apening lows while North Americans were mainly lower, despite the firmer apening on Wall Street,

The recent strength in nil shares was extended Monday with B.P. adding 6p at 444p while bid prospect Tricentrol rose 11tp to 242p. Lasmo added the same amount at 365p. dealers added.

The nnly loser amnngst the F.T. index constituents was P and O which shed 3p to 212p while bidder Trafalgar Hnuse added 8p at 182p. RTZ, trading ex-rights, was down 1tlp at 559p. after 557p.

Government bonds finished lawer an the back of Friday's warse than expected U.S. money supply figures, but dealers nated that trade, compared with the equity market, was relatively light.

#### **LONDON EXCHANGE RATES**

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullinn markets Monday.

One sterling One U.S. dollar

1.2312/15 2.5520/30 2.1130/40 50.93/97 7.6850/80 1512.00/1513.00 239.60/75

7.6630/80 7.3090/3140 9.1200/*5*0 One ounce of gold 411.25/411.75 Italian lire

U.S. dollars

Canadian dollars West German marks Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs

U.S. dollars

Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

ancial management.

THINK YOUR DOG IS

# Kuwait takes major title in Volkswagen

FRANKFURT (R) — Kuwait Itas taken a major shareholding in the West German carmaker. Volkswagen, its lifth big investment in a West German company, banking and industry sources said

In Wolfsburg, a spokesman far Volkswagen said he could not confirm the report, but the sources said the shareholding amnunted to almost Itt per cent of Volkswagen's capital.

Kuwait's other major interests in West German industry include 14 per cent of luxury carmaker Daimler-Benz, 2tt per cent of the metals producer Metallgesellschaft and nearly 25 per cent of Hoechst. West Germany's biggest chemical company.

li also has a 3tt per cent interest in the small West German steelmaker, Korf Stahl, which was declared insolvent early this year. Treetly last week, when Hoeehst Volkswagen, the largest carmaker in Europe, produced 2.1 million cars and trucks last year, But it recorded a loss of 300 million marks (\$117.5 million) on turnover of 37.4 billion (\$14.6 bil-Volkswagen's share price tra-

ded at about 150 marks (\$58.80) late last year, when stock exehange dealers think the purchases were made. A 111 per cent stake would therefore have cost 360 million marks (\$(41,2 million).

The shares currently trade for about 185 to 190 marks (\$72.50) 10 \$74,501.

Kuwaii had previously tried to huy a 10 per cent interest in Volkswagen's Brazilian suhsidiary. Volkswagen Do Brasil.

Word of the Kuwaiti holding in Volkswagen first leaked out ind-

Chairman Rulf Sammet read shareholders a list of major Kuwait interests, including Volkswagen.

A spokesman for Hoeehst said Monday that Mr. Sammet was speaking of the main Volkswagen company, not just the Brazilian unit. He had received the intormation from contacts in Kuwait after the country purchased its stake in Hoechsi last September,

A senior official of Kuwait's state-owned petrochemical company was elected last week to the

Hoechsi board of directors. Kuwah has been more eager than other rich oil exporters like Saudi Arabia to invest its surplus petrodollars in productice ventures rather than in conventional financial instruments like bonds and treasury bills.

# KLM profit leap confounds experts

million 1.

AMSTERDAM (R) - KLM Royal Dutch Airlines has confounded the experts for the second successive year by reporting a 28 per cent leap in profits while its major international competitors

struggle with heavy losses. The airline, the oldest in the warld still operating under its original name, announced this week that net profit for the year ended March 31 rose to 41 million guilders (\$14 million) from 32 million (S11 million) the previous

year. The rise was achieved an an aperating revenue which grew only five per cent to 4.78 billion

guilders (\$1.68 billion). Stock market analysts, who had forecast either a sharp fall or at best only a slight rise in earnings, now expect even more dramatic.

results in the current year. "The figures are very encouraging, much better than we expected," one KLM specialist said. "I think we could see proift rising to 10th million guilders (\$35

million) this year." KLM's performance is in stark contrast to that of most of the orld's airlines, which expect 1983 losses estimated by the Intemational Air Transport Ass-

ociation (IATA) at \$2.3 billion. Most analysts attribute KLW's success in coping with recession and reduced air travel to operational efficiency and sound fin-

They point to the airline's highly automated reservation and handling systems and the fact that it operates with a relatively small

The increase in 1982 83 profit carriers in other countries. was achieved despite traffic growth of only two per cent and currency fluctuations which cost the airline 36 million guilders (\$13

"Despite losses in the mid 70s and problems since then, its basic financial position is still very sound," one analyst said.

KLM also benefited last year from a rise of only one per cent in the cost of jet fuel. Falling oil prices are expected to give an added impetus to profit growth in the

coming years. Founded in October 1919 by Dutch army pilot Albert Plesman. KLM gained an early foothold in international aviation and has maintained it in the face of stiff competition from larger national

ACROSS

7 Seafood

14 Petroleum

17 General condition

18 Heathen 19 Bard's

prince

of old

20 Parsiar

25 Kind of

27 Mint plants 29 Heathen god

hydrocar-

It launched the world's first scheduled air link in 1920, when pilot Jerry Shaw flew two passengers and a bundle of newspapers from London to Amsterdam in a leased De Havilland DH-16.

KLM started flights to the then

Dutch colony of Indonesia in

1924, added Africa in the 1930s and expanded into American and Australian routes after the World Today it operates a fleet of

some 52 aircraft connecting 119 cities in 75 countries.

Undeterred by a warldwide fall in passenger traffic. KLM has embarked nn a 1.5 billion guilder (\$528 million) investment programme in modernise its fleet.

#### HOROSCOPE NOT RECEIVED

# THE Daily Crossword

44 Paris

45 Love god

46 Put out

anew 49 Rita nf

staga 50 Coal car

54 "-- a Hot

57 Kids' game 59 — y plata

by Louis Sabin 30 Source of

33 Word for a 62 Resolve Conform 31 Skin

deux 38 Immemorial **65 Scholarly** problem 32 Table props 33 Middle Ages 41 Navigation

DOWN device Certain 1 WWI German

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48 Makes 8 Kind of sedate craft 9 Greek "The Kiss"

52 Mountain 11 Heidan nl skating

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# **Peanuts**









#### Mutt 'n' Jeff





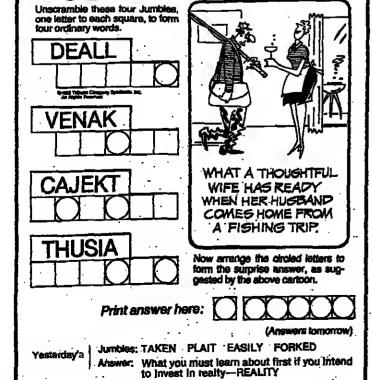




### **Andy Capp**







'Uncle Stanley, did you know that dogs don't

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

look prettier if you shave their legs?"









# WORLD

# Pope directly refers to rural Solidarity

POZNAN, Poland (R) - Pope John Paul arrived in the western Polish city of Poznan Monday. scene of bloody anti-communist riots in 1956, and immediately addressed himself to members of the outlawed farmers' union "rural Solidarity."

It was his first reference by name to one of the major free trade unions, now banned under manial law, since he began an eight-day trip to his homeland last Thursday, though he has repeatedly expressed support for the unionists' ideals.

As the sun shone brightly for the first time on the trip, the Pope addressed his homily mainly to farmers in the crowd which spread as far as the eye could see across a

The Pope made the reference to rural Solidarity when he quoted from an address which Poland's late primate. Cardinal Stefan Wyszynski, made to union members in the spring of 1981, when they were still battling for official recognition.

Rural Solidarity, a sister organisation to the original Solidarity union which mainly represented industrial workers, eventually won formal registration in May

The Pope recalled: "Cardinal Wyszinski said on 2 April 1981 to the representatives of rural Solidarity: when the soil is covered with grass, the fiercest whirlwinds will not easily blow it away, even if it is sandy. But when the soil bec- us" and "Peace demonstration." omes a desert place, it is very easily conquered"."

"I encourage you ... farmers of the whole of my homeland to keep in mind these words." he said.

The Pope also spoke of a monument erected in central Poznan after Solidarity pressure in honour of dozens who died in the 1956

During the mass a large group of students from Warsaw waved Polish flags with the Solidarity logo written on them.

his homeland. Immediately afterwards, as the crowd dispersed some 2.(1(1)) peo-Government spokesman Jerzy ple, mainly young, carrying Sol-Urban said the ehurch must act to idarity banners, walked towards prevent further displays of polthe monument to the events of itical dissent and suggested the 1956 shouting. "the Pope is with abolition of martial law could be

The Pope delivered a direct appeal for a return to the values of the Solidarity movement in an address from the ramparts of Jasna Gora monastery Sunday night, maintaining a role he has adopted of spokesman for Poles affected by martial law and other restrictions of communist rule.

No time and place has yet been fixed for a meeting between the Pope and Lech Walesa, who led the union until its suppression after manial law was imposed in December, 1981.

Mr. Walesa said last week he intended to come to Czestochowa from his home in Gdansk this weekend, but that was put off.

in Ghana Monday hunted for rebel soldiers involved in an unsuccessful coup against the government of Fit. Lt. Jerry Rawlings

Radio Ghana, saving people's committees were manning roadblocks to catch the fugitives, broadcast a series of announcements from the ruling Provisional National Defence Council (PNDC).

Listeoers were told to be on the lookout for rebel soldiers on the run or trying to escape the country by car following the failure of Sunday's coup. People giving refuge to dis-

sidents should hand them over to the authorities or face "rev-olutionary action", the PNDC said in ordering civilians to surrender any weapons or ammunition in their possession.

Hospitals were asked to report mjuries that may have been suffered in Sunday's fighting around

Florida (R) — The five astronauts

of the U.S. space shuttle Cha-

llenger woke Monday with two of

their major projects already com-

The crew, including the first

American spacewoman, will be

preparing for orbital tests that

pleted but more duries ahead.

# Ghana hunts nutineers

ABIDJAN (R) - Loyalist forces Accra's radio station, which was briefly held by the rebels.

> The capital's airport was still closed Monday morning, according to airline officials in Abidian, capital of neighbouring Ivory Coast.

Fit. Lt. Rawlings, who is chairman of the PNDC, said on radio Sunday night that some of the plotters had been killed and several wounded in the fighting.

The number of rebel soldiers involved was not clear but Ghanaian sources in London said they appeared to have broken out of jail where they had been held since a coup attempt last Nov. 23.

The government has ordered Ghana's borders closed until fur-

Before the coup. the Rawlings administration had faced demonstrations by workers and students during the worst good shortages in Ghana's history.

## Spanish bank robbers on trial

MADRID (R) - Twelve people accused of staging an armed raid on a Barcelona bank in the wake of a 1981 abortive coup plot went on trial vlonday with the prosecution demanding prison terms of 4.500 years each for the alleged leaders, court sources said.

The trial was interrupted soon after it began by an anonymous bomb threat. Police evacuated the court room but found no suspicious packages and the hearing

Ten of the 12 are charged with robbery and arms offences and with taking hostages. The other two, both women, are accused of

# Chilean niners ask all big unions to join strike

SANTIAGO (R) - Chile's cop- and the release from prison of per miners have called on other unions to join their strike and a decision was in the offing Monday at a formal meeting of workers' national command, the umbrella group for labour organisations.

Informed sources said that private contacts went on throughout Sunday between the miners and other unions with the aim of persuading powerful truck, bus and taxi owners and professional associations to join in a general str-

Workers in the copper industry. mainstay of the Chilean economy. went on strike last week to dem-

their leader. Rodolfo Seguel.

The sources said some unions in the workers' command were reluctant to eall a general stoppage without broader support but that the copper strike would probably collapse unless they did so.

Journalists said meanwhile that government secretary Ramon Suarez told editors at a meeting on Saturday to restrict newspaper. radin and television coverage of the labour unrest.

Workers at the El Salvador and El Teniense mines, two of the industry's four production divisions.

### Indian defence minister off to Soviet Union today

NEW DELHI (R) - Indian Defence Minister Ramaswami Venkataraman leaves Tuesday on a six-day official visit to the Soviet Union. India's main arms sup-

Police helicopters, circling ove-

rhead as the hundreds of tho-

usands made their way out of the

park and through the city centre

on their way home, gave ins-

tructions over loudspeakers on

Sunday night, the government warned the Catholic church il

must curb crowd demonstrations

of support for the outlawed Sol-

idarity union which have been a

feature of Pope John Paul's visit to

which routes to take.

A ministry spokesman said Mr. Venkataraman was returning a visit made last year by the Soviet Defence Minister Dmitry Ust-

His tour begins nine days before United States Secretary of State George Shultz arrives in India on June 29 for the first high-level Indo-U.S. talks since Prime Minister Indira Gandhi visited the U.S. last summer.

Union. Mr. Venkataraman will the MiG-27.

hold talks with Gen. Ustinov. India has been truning to Europe for new weaponry in an attempt to reduce its dependence on the Soviet Union.

India has also expressed interest in buying arms from the United States, but the stipulation that purchases should include transfer of technology to India had created problems, the spokesman said.

The spokesman said India was should provide the world with already manufacturing the Soviet some spectacular television pic-MiG-21 aircraft. The Indian air tures on Wednesday. force also includes MiG-23 and The astronauts completed the the MiG-25 reconnaisance plane commercial phase of their six-day known as "foxbat" to NATO. He missinn Sunday when they dep-During his stay in the Soviet said India had also decided to buy loyed the second of two com-

munication satellites which were carried aloft with them on Sat-The two instrument package

onesia, were the third and fourth such satellites to be delivered into

Later Sally Ride. 32. America's in the hold for return to earth.

belonging to Canada and Ind-

orbit by a space shuttle.

#### KENNEDY SPACE CENTRE. called SPAS, will also provide the first television pictures of an orbiting shuttle from "outside." including the firing of some of its roc-

Missinn specialist John Fabian. 44. will use Challenger's | 5-metre remote-controlled mechanical arm to lift SPAS out of the ship's cargo hold and release it in space. where it will float freely.

first female and youngest space traveller, will use the arm to "capture" the satellite and place it back

While the SPAS "free flies". mission commander Robert Crippen, 45. and pilot Frederick Hauck, 42. will put Challenger through a series of manoeuvres. flying it away from and back to SPAS while its eameras take TV A West German-built satellite. and still pictures.

# China's parliament top-heavy with pragmatists after reshuffle

PEKING (R) - China's National People's Congress (NPC) Monday elected its key executive body -the state council, or cabinet -with few real changes but one or two potentially important ones.

The offices include two extra vice-premiers, a coordinated ministry for state security and a new centralised authority to keep a firm grip on the state accounts, the New China News Agency (NCNA) said.

The agency also announced the itary commission headed by elder and his four vice-premiers. statesman Deng Xiaoping. It mirtors the powerful Communist

function but also in its entire per-

The commission, which places the country's armed might in the hands of Mr. Deng. has four extra members other than those mainly elderly officials from the party body, including Chief-of-Staff Yang Dezhi and Defence Minister Zhang Aiping. But the powerhouse of day-

to-day government and administration now rests in the hands

Compared with most other gro-

Party military office, not only in its such as the NPC with an average age of over 80, the five men have an average age of only 60 years. The two new men are Li Peng.

55, from the water resources and electric power ministry, and Tian Jiyun, 54, a specialist in economics and formerly of the finance department of Sichuan Province --Mr. Deng's home and a test ground for many young hopefuls. Vice-Premiers Wan Li and Yao Yilin remain in their posts.

The tone of the lynchpin group one of moderation and praadministration, economy, energy. to be included, they added.

finance and foreign policy skills.

Diplomats said the five politicians virtually symbolise Mr. Deng'a "reformis" philosophy of setting China on the road to real

The new ministry of state security, headed by a former senior public security bureau man. Ling Yun, was originally proposed by Mr. Zhao to protect state security and strengthen counterespionage..

development

The recently formed People's Police (PAP), which took graatism coupled with a wide many internal security functions range of practical expertise in away from the army, is also likely

"Basically, it looks very much like a monolithic grouping reminiscent of the Soviet Union's KGB (security ministry) and an alternative power base for the state council away from the army." one diplomat said.

Diplomats said that Mr. Deng's continued control of both state and party military commissions. and the fact that he has apparently not seen fit to remove any of the ageing party commission members, seems to confirm that he still remains unsure of full army sup-

The armed forces remain a stronghold of leftism in Mr. Deng's new-look China.

However, the sources noted that Zhang Aiping, who has pro-posed a nuclear "strike force" for China, and Yang Dezhi, who has expressed support for Mr. Deng's idea of a modero army rejecting Maoist concepts of people's war. are in the new state commission.

### Filipino tribe said practising unique form of birth control

Challenger II completes

flight's commercial phase

BAGIO. Philippines (R) - A them four years apart. mountain tribe in the northero Philippines conducts its own family planning programme with a otion made from forest tuber and burned seashells, a local census department team says. Women from the Ifugaos tribe

in mountains northeast of here said they took small doses of the potion to make them sterile for four years, but given too much they could become sterile for life. the team reported.

Two members of the team. Rida Laguisma and Augustina Iban. who spent a year among the lfugaos, said they noticed that tribal women with children always had

Asked how they managed such precise planning, the women said they used a concoction made from a rare cassava tuber found only to dense forests, which they pounded into a pulp and mixed with lime from burned seashells.

They said the potion had been used in the past as a weapon to keep down the size of rival tribes by secretly sprinkling it on their food and making their women

But closer to home, Ms. Iban said, it was also used by women bearing a grudge against someone

### Indonesian sailors decide life offshore is healthier

tattoos on their bodies dare not go ashore because of a eampaign of unofficial executions of suspected criminals by mystery gunmen. The Jakarta Posi said Monday.

Nearly all of the victims, said by one human rights organisation to total 41111 since the killings began in January, were reported to have taugos of one son or another.

As a result innocent people with tattoos, not to mention criminals. fear for their lives and tattooed

In recent weeks, tattooed youthe have flocked to police stations in various cities to protest their innocence, while others have resorted to hot irons or sulphuric acid in vain attempt to remove the indelible etchings. The authorities say they have yet to identify the gunmen but some officials have hinted that government agents might be

#### NEW YORK (R) - Chinese leader Deng Xiaoping has warned

ereignty over Hong Kong when its 99-year lease on much of the col-ony expires in 1997.

theastern coast, the colony consists of Hong Kong Island and Kowloon Peninsula, both ceded by the former Chinese empire to Britain "in perpetuity" in the mid-19th century, and the mainland area of the new territories and many islands, leased to Britain for 99 years in 1898.

Newsweek International said Mr. Deng's warning was delivered at an acrimonious meeting with Mrs. Thateher in Peking last Sep-

Mr. Deng told the British leader, "if Britain and China do not reach agreement by the end of 1984. China will announce its own

Newsweek International said

the conversation was related by Chinese Communist Party General Secretary Hu Yaobang in an interview with a columnist for the magazine.

The report said British officials had refused to comment when asked if Mr. Deng had set the 1984 deadline.

The British Foreign Office was convinced that China could not back down from its claim to Hong Kong without a terrible loss of face and a possible loss of its claim to Taiwan. Newsweek quoted the reliable sources in London as say-

Britain is currently holding talks with China on the future of the colony after the British lease expires in 1997. A government minister in London last week said negotiations on the future of Hong Kong could and would be brought to a successful conclusion which was acceptable to the colony's

# Malaysia urges West to speed up resettlement of Vietnamese refugees

KUALA LUMPUR (R) - Maalaysia Monday urged major developed countries to speed up their intake of Vietnamese refugees because more have arrived recently than in the same period last

The director of the government's refugee task force Maj.-Gen. Abdullah Shamsuddin said nearly 5,000 boat people had arrived on Malaysia's east coast in the first six months of this year bringing the total Vietnamese refugee population in Malaysia to 11.463.

Last year 14,915 Vietnamese refugees arrived on Malaysia's shores but at the end of 1982 only 8.500 remained to be resettled in third countries like Australia, the United States. Canada and Fra-

Gen. Abdullah said that since last October third countries had accepted less than 1,000 a month because most new arrivals were unskilled workers who did not meet acceptance requirements.

"Many of these new refugees

are fishermen, labourers and far-

mers who do not speak English or French and do not meet the requirements specifying skills as a basis for selection." he said. In April this year 50 boats arrived on Malaysia's shores car-

rying. 1.755 refugees byt only 631 were selected for resettlement. Gen. Abdullah said. Another 1.488 refugees arrived

in May and 963 were resettled and so far this month 1,377 arrived

"Malaysia will do its best to house the refugees temporarily but we hope the third countries will be able to waive some of their requirements slightly to speed up the intake." he said. Australia is the largest resettler

of Malaysia's Vietnamese refugees this year, taking 1,582, and it had agreed to accept a total of 10,000 Indochinese refugees from all over the world this year. he added. Other countries had not said how many they would take.

He said the number of refugees arriving usually peacked about April. May and June as travelling was easier in these dry months than in the monsoon months of July. August and September.

# U.N. foresees grim life in giant Third World cities by A.D. 2000

Almost half of humanity will live in urban communities by the year 2000 and giant cities will be a feature of the developing countries. the United Nations predicts.

There will be no fewer than 45 such cities, mostly in Aisa, whereas as recently as 1950 Shanghai was the only Third World city with a population of more than five million, according to the U.N. Fund for Population Activities.

Mexico City, also in a developing country, is now the world's largest conurbation with population estimates ranging from 13 million to 16 million.

Fund executive director Rafael M. Salas said U.N. projections showed that the population of the world's cities has been growing at nearly 3 per cent a year, much fas-

it will exceed 4 per cent per annum in the developing countries.

"The United Nations estimates that cities and towns will contain nearly half the world's population by the year 2000. Concern about urbanisation

but because a large segment of the urban population will be concentrated in giant cities of the devcloping countries."

rural areas. Salas said. The official also spoke of an unprecedented increase in the Cuellar. number of undocumented aliens.

Lack of order

"International migration invulation." Mr. Salas said. It was to be hoped that an int-

emational code to ensure humane treatment for migrants would soon emerge, as recommended by the U.N. General Assembly in 1979, he added.

uccessful candidate for the post of U.N. secretary general in 1981 and is still considered as a potential successor 10 Javier Perez de Mr. Salas said refugee movAfrica alone, there were probably six million refugees.

clouded discussion of the relationship between population. resources, the environment anddevelopment, but most people agreed that population was the central factor.

responsible for either the deteriorstion of the natural environment or for depleting global

"The primary concero is what is known as 'carrying capacity'." Mr. Salas said. "How many people can ultimately be supported by the global biological and ecological

agency found that all regions except Southewest Asia would he able to feed themselves in the year 2000, assuming they improve crop opinion and strong emotions still varieties and use moderate amounts of pesticides and fertilisers.

> But under a worst-case extrapolation, the study found that at the turn of the century 65 developing countries would have altogether 441 million more people than they could feed through domestic production. Of this excess population, 55 per cent would be in Africa.

"Even with high levels of inputs, there would still he an excess of population over food capacity of 47 million in 19 countries. Yet by the year 2000 the population of the world will be only 6.1 billion.

rise for another century until it eventually stabilises at about 10.2 billion. The long-term implications for food supply can be

# NEWS BRIEF

#### Iran claims success against Kurds

TEHRAN (R) - Iranian forces have cleared rebels from a major road m a Kurdish area of northwest Iran, restoring government control for the first time since the Iranian revolution in 1979, the national news agency IRNA said. IRNA said government forces had managed to "purge" the last 363 kilometres of the road between Mahabad and Sardasht, two main towns in the mountainous area along the border with Iraq. All roads leading to and from Mahabad were now controlled by government forces, it added.

#### Mitterrand, Noah off to Cameroun

PARIS (R) - French President Francois Mitterrand left late Sunday night for a two-day state visit to Cameroun. At the president's invitation. Cameroun-born Yannick Noah. France's number one tennis player, is on board the presidential DC-8, along with his mother and father.

#### Queen mother defies IRA threats

BELFAST (R) — Tight security Monday surrounded the queen mother Elizabeth, 82-year-old matriarch of Britain's royal family, who is visiting Northern Ircland in defiance of guerrilla threats of violence. Armed police kept watch on her and guards patrolled the grounds of Hil-Isborough Castle, 2tl kilometres southwest of Belfast, where she spent Sunday night after arriving by helicopter and bulletrpoof car. The Irish Republican Army (IRA), which is fighting a guerrilla campaign to end British rule of the province, has threatened to mark the visit with violence. On Saturday police intercepted an IRA van taking a bomb to Ballymena. 50 kilometres north of Belfast. where the royal visitor was due

#### 'All you ever wanted to know about having a love-affair'

LONDON (R) - You've read the book and seen the film. Now you can study how to have an affair. A privately-run organisation in London is offering married couples a course in how to have a mistress or a lover or cope with a partner who has one. "The course is for people who want to have their cake and eat it," said psychiatrist Dr. Michael Perring, director of the London Institute for the Study of Human Sexuality. "If one partner can't stop having affairs, the other has to either live with that or end the marriage." Dr. Perring says affairs can help a marriage. "No one person can meet another's every need." His tip for wives who don't want husbands to

#### U.K. warns drunken diplomat-drivers

stray: Be more like a mistress.

LONDON (R) — British officials have warned foreign embassies they might adopt get-tough pol-. icies against diplomats caught driving under the influence of drink. Eustace Gibbs, vice-marshal of the diplomatic corps, issued a note saying police reported 22 incidents involving drunken diplomatic drivers last year. In future, he said, an offender's government might be asked to waive diplomatic immunity, which protects diplomats from legal proceedings.

#### Ghost ship contains Soviet-made shells

CARACAS (R) — A ghost ship found drifting in the Caribbean last week was bound for Nigeria and had a cargo of Soviet-made artillery shells worth \$20 million. the commander-in-chief of the venezuelan navy said. Rear-Adm. Rafael Bertorelli told a press conference the Cyprusegistered ship, named the Cloud. has been towed into the Venezuelan naval base of Turiamo. 160 kilometres west of Caracas. He said 5,000 cases were found on board containing a total of 10,000 shells of 122 mm calibre used in Soviet weapons. There were no guns on the ship, he added. In London, Lloyds Shipping Agency said last week that the 1.197-ten Cloud was presumed sunk in storms on April 7 and its crew was picked up by another vessel

# event. Witness this hand.

ups of senior officials in China.

JAKARTA (R) - Sailors with sailors returning from long voyages are staying aboard ship. the

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN 4: 1983 Tribune Company Syndicale, Inc.

East-West vulnerable. North

NORTH **◆ J**87542 084 **+** 1643 EAST **AAQ 1093** 7 1083 C 754 ♦ 19632 A K 105

SOUTH

ф К92

**♦** K 6 ♥ AKQ962 0 Q 7 4 A Q 10 The bidding: North East South West Pass Pasa 2 NT Pasa Pass 3 + Pass Pass Pass Pasa Opening lead: Three of 0.

**4875** 

women's pair competing in the Open Pair championsbip at the recent World Bridge Olympiad in Biarritz-Dianna Gordon of Toronto, and Sharyn Kokisb of Montreal. Canadians can be proud of their performance in this

There was only one

**SLUFFED TO DEATH** opening bid. North transferred to spades and then raised

> to game.
> It is easy to see that this contract should fail by two tricks. But this was a pair ebampionahip, and to earn a really good score it was essential that the defenders should collect a three-trick set. Dianna, who earlier in the tournament had won the Mixed Pairs title, got her side off to a good start by leading a diamond, and the defenders raked in the first two tricks. Then Sharyn shifted to club, and a losing finesse allowed the defend-

ers to complete their book.

Now West found the killing defense-she continued with a diamond, presenting declarer with a ruff-sluff. Declarer ruffed in dummy and led trump to the king and ace. West won and gave declarer another ruff-sluff. This time declarer ruffed in hand. He crossed to dummy with a heart and led a trump. Dianna perforce won the queen and now completed declarer's misery by leading ber last diamond. No matter what declarer did. East had

#### **Peking warns Thatcher** about Hong Kong's future

British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher if the two countries do not reach agreement on the future sovereignty of Hong Kong by the end of next year. "China will announce its own solution." New-

week's international edition said Monday. The newsweekly also quoted eliable sources in London as saying the British Foreign Office had given up any real hopes of retaining even titular British sov-

Situated on China's sou-

of world population he said:
"What is most disturbing about this growth in urbanisation is that

arises not from numbers alone.

Migrants to the great cities were often young or educated, those very people most valuable for

500,000 in the Middle East.

olves a substantial proportion of the global work force, but it is being conducted with an almost complete lack of order and reg-

The Filipino official was an uns-

migration since World War I. In He said sharp differneces of

But it could not be held solely

'Carrying capacity'

system and at what level."

"It will probably continue to

of whom there were estimated to ements across national borders, We do not think that, with ter than the world's population as be four to five million in North a good six-card major and an to score her ten of trumps for which he described as unplanned. America, two to three million in abrupt and often tragic, accounted unstopped suit, South should a whole, for which the rate is 1.7 a A study conducted jointly by the third undertrick and an Latin America. perhaps for nearly 14 million people as the U.N. Food and Agriculture boaat about his two no trump Organisation (FAO) and his own imagined." In his annual report on the state 1,500,000 in Europe and up to well as for half of all international